

SLLS394F-SEPTEMBER 1999-REVISED JULY 2004

HIGH-SPEED DIFFERENTIAL LINE RECEIVERS

- Four- ('390), Eight- ('388A), or Sixteen- ('386) Line Receivers Meet or Exceed the Requirements of ANSI TIA/EIA-644 Standard
- Integrated 110- Ω Line Termination Resistors on LVDT Products
- Designed for Signaling Rates ⁽¹⁾ Up To 630 Mbps
- SN65 Version's Bus-Terminal ESD Exceeds 15 kV
- Operates From a Single 3.3-V Supply
- Typical Propagation Delay Time of 2.6 ns
- Output Skew 100 ps (Typ) Part-To-Part Skew Is Less Than 1 ns
- LVTTL Levels Are 5-V Tolerant
- Open-Circuit Fail Safe
- Flow-Through Pinout
- Packaged in Thin Shrink Small-Outline Package With 20-mil Terminal Pitch

DESCRIPTION

This family of four-, eight-, or sixteen-, differential line receivers (with optional integrated termination) implements the electrical characteristics of low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS). This signaling technique lowers the output voltage levels of 5-V differential standard levels (such as EIA/TIA-422B) to reduce the power, increase the switching speeds, and allow operation with a 3-V supply rail. Any of the eight or sixteen differential receivers provides a valid logical output state with a ±100-mV differential input voltage within the input common-mode voltage range. The input common-mode voltage range allows 1 V of ground potential difference between two LVDS nodes. Additionally, the high-speed switching of LVDS signals almost always requires the use of a line impedance matching resistor at the receiving end of the cable or transmission media. The LVDT products eliminate this external resistor by integrating it with the receiver.

(1) Signaling Rate, 1/t, where t is the minimum unit interval and is expressed in the units bits/s (bits per second)

(TOP VIEW)				
A1A A1B A2B A2B AGND B1A B1B B2A C1A C1B C2A C1B C2B C2B D1A D1B D2A D2B	1 ⁰ 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20	GND V _{CC} ENA A1Y A2Y ENB B1Y DGND DV _{CC} DGND C1Y C2Y ENC D1Y D2Y END V _{CC} GND	

LVDS388A, LVDT388A

DBT PACKAGE

See application section for V_{CC}	
and GND description.	

'LVDS390, 'LVDT390 D OR PW PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)					
1A	1	υ	16] EN1,2	
1B	2		15] 1Y	
2A 2B	3		14] 2Y	
2B	4		13		

12 GND

9 EN3.4

11 3Y

10 4Y

3A 🛙 5

4A 🚺 7

4B 🛾 8

6

3B 🛛

(TOP VIEW)				
A1A [1 U	64	GND	
A1B	2	63	V _{cc}	
A2A 🛛	3	62		
А2В 🛛	4	61	GND	
АЗА 🛛	5	60	ENA	
азв [6	59	A1Y	
A4A 🛛	7	58	A2Y	
A4B 🛛	8	57	A3Y	
в1а 🛛	9	56	A4Y	
B1B	10	55	ENB	
B2A	11	0.	B1Y	
B2B 🛛	12	53	_	
вза 🛛	13	-	B3Y	
взв 🛛	14	51	B4Y	
B4A	15	50	GND	
B4B	16	49	V _{CC}	
C1A	17	48	V _{CC}	
C1B	18	•••	GND	
C2A	19	46		
C2B	20	45	C2Y	
СЗА	21	44	C3Y	
СЗВ	22	43	C4Y	
C4A	23	42	ENC	
C4B	24	41	D1Y	
D1A	25	40	D2Y	
D1B	26	39	D3Y	
D2A	27	38	D4Y	
D2B	28	37	END	
D3A	29	36	GND	
D3B	30	35	V _{CC}	
D4A	31	34	V _{CC}	
D4B	32	33	GND	

'LVDS386, 'LVDT386

DGG PACKAGE



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These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

The intended application of this device and signaling technique is for point-to-point baseband data transmission over controlled impedance media of approximately 100 Ω . The transmission media may be printed-circuit board traces, backplanes, or cables. The large number of receivers integrated into the same substrate along with the low pulse skew of balanced signaling, allows extremely precise timing alignment of clock and data for synchronous parallel data transfers. When used with its companion, 8- or 16-channel driver, the SN65LVDS389 or SN65LVDS387, over 300 million data transfers per second in single-edge clocked systems are possible with little power. (Note: The ultimate rate and distance of data transfer depends on the attenuation characteristics of the media, the noise coupling to the environment, and other system characteristics.)

PART NUMBER	TEMPERATURE RANGE	NUMBER OF RECEIVERS	BUS-PIN ESD	SYMBOLIZATION
SN65LVDS386DGG	-40°C to 85°C	16	15 kV	LVDS386
SN65LVDT386DGG	-40°C to 85°C	16	15 kV	LVDT386
SN75LVDS386DGG	0°C to 70°C	16	4 kV	75LVDS386
SN75LVDT386DGG	0°C to 70°C	16	4 kV	75LVDT386
SN65LVDS388ADBT	–40°C to 85°C	8	15 kV	LVDS388A
SN65LVDT388ADBT	-40°C to 85°C	8	15 kV	LVDT388A
SN75LVDS388ADBT	0°C to 70°C	8	4 kV	75LVDS388A
SN75LVDT388ADBT	0°C to 70°C	8	4 kV	75LVDT388A
SN65LVDS390D	-40°C to 85°C	4	15 kV	LVDS390
SN65LVDS390PW	-40°C to 85°C	4	15 kV	LVDS390
SN65LVDT390D	-40°C to 85°C	4	15 kV	LVDT390
SN65LVDT390PW	-40°C to 85°C	4	15 kV	LVDT390
SN75LVDS390D	0°C to 70°C	4	4 kV	75LVDS390
SN75LVDS390PW	0°C to 70°C	4	4 kV	DS390
SN75LVDT390D	0°C to 70°C	4	4 kV	75LVDT390
SN75LVDT390PW	0°C to 70°C	4	4 kV	DG390

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

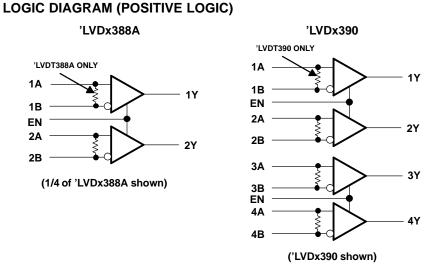
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'LVDx386 'LVDT386 ONLY 1A 1Y 1B 2A 2Y 2B EN 3A 3Y 3B 4A 4Y 4B (1/4 of 'LVDx386 shown)

'LVDT388A ONLY 1A 1Y 1B ΕN 2A 2Y 2B

'LVDx388A

(1/4 of 'LVDx388A shown)

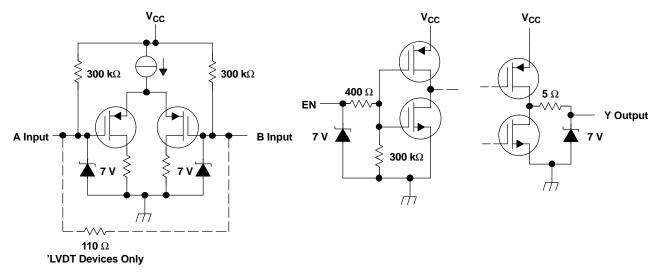


FUNCTION TABLE

SNx5LVD386/388A/390 and SNx5LVDT386/388A/390					
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT ⁽¹⁾ ENABLES ⁽¹⁾ OUTPUT					
A-B	EN	Y			
V _{ID} ≥ 100 mV	Н	Н			
−100 mV < V _{ID} ≤ 100 mV	Н	?			
V _{ID} ≤ -100 mV	Н	L			
X	L	Z			
Open	Н	Н			

(1) H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off), ? = indeterminate

EQUIVALENT INPUT AND OUTPUT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS





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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

			UNITS
V _{CC} ⁽²⁾	Supply voltage range		-0.5 V to 4 V
VI	Voltage range:	Enables or Y	-0.5 V to 6 V
		A or B	-0.5 V to 4 V
I _O	Output current	Y	±12 mA
V _{ID}	Differential input voltage magnitude	SN65LVDT' or SN75LVDT' only	1 V
	Electrostatic discharge: see (3)	SN65' (A, B, and GND)	Class 3, A:15 kV, B: 700 V
		SN75' (A, B, and GND)	Class 2, A:4 kV, B: 400 V
	Continuous power dissipation		See Dissipation Rating Table
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range		–65°C to 150°C
	Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 in) from case for 10 seconds		260°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltages, are with respect to network ground terminal. Tested in accordance with MIL-STD-883C Method 3015.7. (2)

(3)

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	T _A ≤ 25°C	DERATING FACTOR ⁽¹⁾ ABOVE T _A = 25°C	T _A = 70°C POWER RATING	T _A = 85°C POWER RATING
D	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW	494 mW
DBT	1071 mW	8.5 mW/°C	688 mW	556 mW
DGG	2094 mW	16.7 mW/°C	1342 mW	1089 mW
PW	774 mW	6.2 mW/°C	496 mW	402 mW

(1) This is the inverse of the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance when board-mounted (low-k) and with no air flow.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

			MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
V _{cc}	Supply voltage		3	3.3 3.6	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		2		V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	ł		0.8	V
I _O	Output current Y		- 8	8	mA
V _{ID}	Magnitude of differential input voltage		0.1	0.6	V
V _{IC} , see Figure 4	Common-mode input voltage		$\frac{ V_{ID} }{2}$	$2.4 - \frac{ V_{\text{ID}} }{2}$	v
				V _{CC} - 0.8	
т.	Operating free-air temperature	SN75'	0	70	°C
'A	T _A Operating ree-air temperature		-40	85	°C



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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V _{IT+}	Positive-going differential input voltage threshold		See Figure 1 and			100	mV
V _{IT-}	Negative-going differential input voltage threshold		Table 1	-100			mV
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage		I _{OH} = –8 mA	2.4	3		V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage		I _{OL} = 8 mA		0.2	0.4	V
		'LVDx386			50	70	
		'LVDx388A	Enabled, No load		22	40	
	Current current	'LVDx390			8	18	1
I _{CC}	Supply current	'LVDx386				3	mA
		'LVDx388A	Disabled		·	3	
		'LVDx390	-			1.5	
			$V_{I} = 0 V$		-13	-20	
		'LVDS	V _I = 2.4 V	-1.2	-3		
I _I	Input current (A or B inputs)		V _I = 0 V, other input open			-40	μA
		'LVDT	V _I = 2.4 V, other input open	-2.4			
I _{ID}	Differential input current I _{IA} - I _{IB}	'LVDS	$V_{IA} = 0 V, V_{IB} = 0.1 V, V_{IA} = 2.4 V, V_{IB} = 2.3 V$			±2	μA
I _{ID}	Differential input current (I _{IA} - I _{IB})	'LVDT		1.5		2.2	mA
I _{I(OFF)}	Power-off input current (A or B inputs)	'LVDS	$V_{CC} = 0 V, V_{I} = 2.4 V$		12	±20	μA
II(OFF)	Power-off input current (A or B inputs)	'LVDT	$V_{CC} = 0 V, V_{I} = 2.4 V$			±40	μA
I _{IH}	High-level input current (enables)		V _{IH} = 2 V			10	μA
IIL	Low-level input current (enables)		V _{IL} = 0.8 V			10	μA
			V _O = 0 V			±1	^
I _{OZ}	High-impedance output current		V _O = 3.6 V			10	μA
CIN	Input capacitance, A or B input to GND		V _{ID} = 0.4 sin 2.5E09 t V		5		pF
Z _(t)	Termination impedance		V _{ID} = 0.4 sin 2.5E09 t V	88		132	Ω

(1) All typical values are at 25° C and with a 3.3-V supply.

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SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
t _{PLH}	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output		1	2.6	4	ns
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output		1	2.5	4	ns
t _r	Output signal rise time		500	800	1200	ps
t _f	Output signal fall time	See Figure 2	500	800	1200	ps
t _{sk(p)}	Pulse skew (t _{PHL} - t _{PLH})			150	600	ps
t _{sk(o)}	Output skew ⁽²⁾			100	400	ps
t _{sk(pp)}	Part-to-part skew ⁽³⁾				1	ns
t _{PZH}	Propagation delay time, high-impedance-to-high-level output			7	15	ns
t _{PZL}	Propagation delay time, high-impedance-to-low-level output			7	15	ns
t _{PHZ}	Propagation delay time, high-level-to-high-impedance output	— See Figure 3		7	15	ns
t _{PLZ}	Propagation delay time, low-level-to-high-impedance output			7	15	ns

(1) All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3-V supply.

(2) $t_{sk(o)}$ is the magnitude of the time difference between the t_{PLH} or t_{PHL} of all drivers of a single device with all of their inputs connected together.

(3) t_{sk(pp)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any specified terminals of any two devices characterized in this data sheet when both devices operate with the same supply voltage, at the same temperature, and have the same test circuits.

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

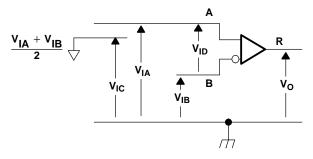


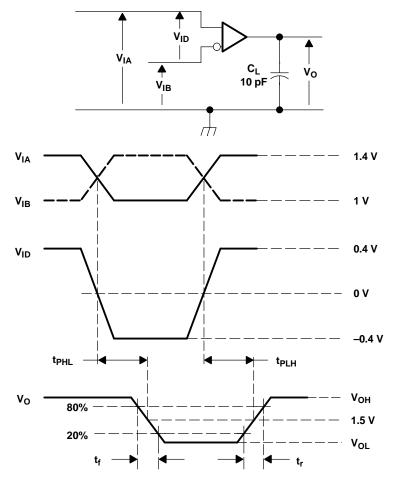
Figure 1. Voltage Definitions

Table 1. Receiver Minimum and Maximum Input Threshold Test Voltages

	OLTAGES	RESULTING DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE	RESULTING COMMON- MODE INPUT VOLTAGE
V _{IA}	V _{IB}	V _{ID}	V _{IC}
1.25 V	1.15 V	100 mV	1.2 V
1.15 V	1.25 V	–100 mV	1.2 V
2.4 V	2.3 V	100 mV	2.35 V
2.3 V	2.4 V	-100 mV	2.35 V
0.1 V	0 V	100 mV	0.05 V
0 V	0.1 V	-100 mV	0.05 V
1.5 V	0.9 V	600 mV	1.2 V
0.9 V	1.5 V	-600 mV	1.2 V
2.4 V	1.8 V	600 mV	2.1 V
1.8 V	2.4 V	–600 mV	2.1 V
0.6 V	0 V	600 mV	0.3 V
0 V	0.6 V	–600 mV	0.3 V

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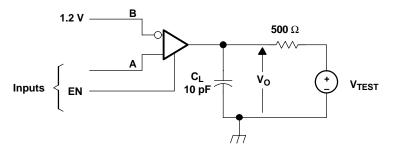


A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or t_f≤ 1 ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 50 Mpps, pulse width = 10 ± 0.2 ns. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 mm of the D.U.T.

Figure 2. Timing Test Circuit and Wave Forms

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A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or t_t≤ 1 ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 0.5 Mpps, pulse width = 500 ± 10 ns. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 mm of the D.U.T.

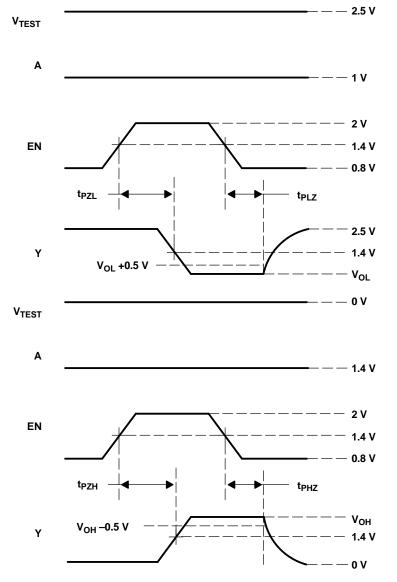
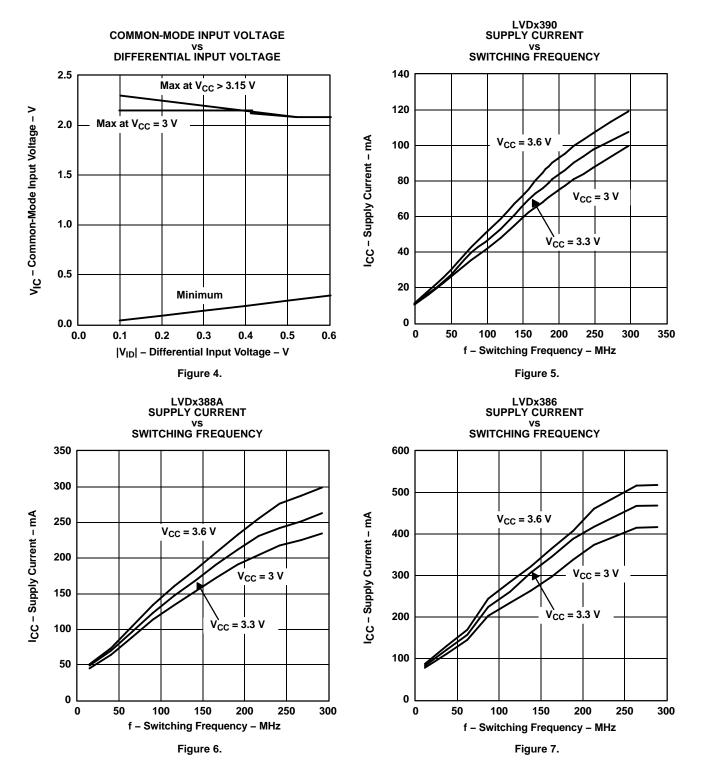


Figure 3. Enable/Disable Time Test Circuit and Wave Forms



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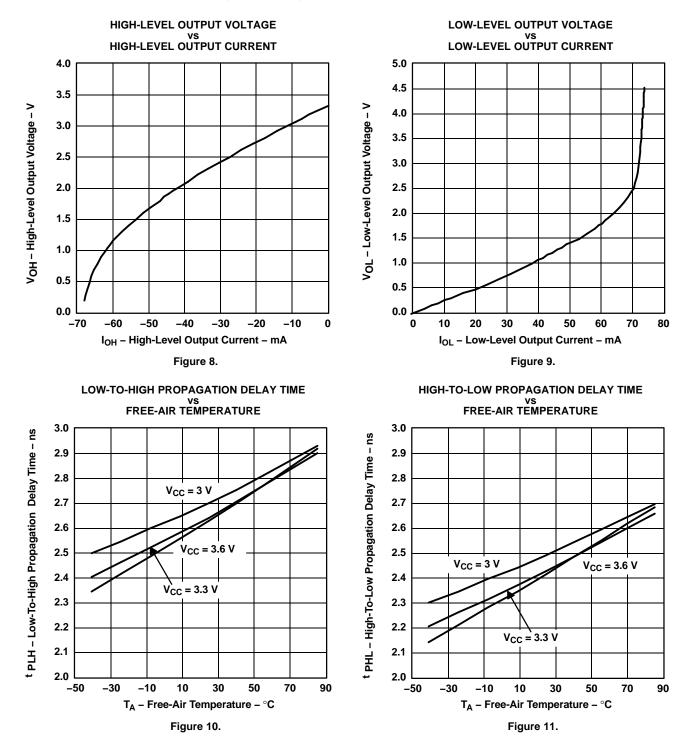
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS





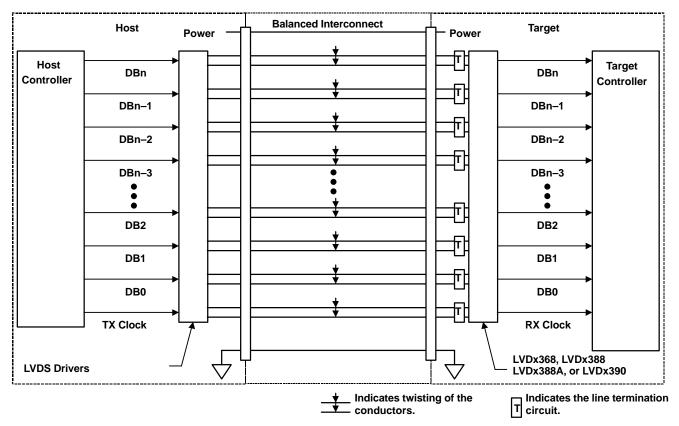
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)



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APPLICATION INFORMATION

Figure 12. Typical Application Schematic

ANALOG AND DIGITAL GROUNDS/POWER SUPPLIES

Although it is not necessary to separate out the analog/digital supplies and grounds on the SN65LVDS/T388A and SN75LVDS/T388A, the pinout provides the user that option. To help minimize or perhaps eliminate switching noise being coupled between the two supplies, the user could lay out separate supply and ground planes for the designated pinout.

Most applications probably have all grounds connected together and all power supplies connected together. This configuration was used while characterizing and setting the data-sheet parameters.

FAIL SAFE

One of the most common problems with differential signaling applications is how the system responds when no differential voltage is present on the signal pair. The LVDS receiver is like most differential line receivers, in that its output logic state can be indeterminate when the differential input voltage is between -100 mV and 100 mV, and within its recommended input common-mode voltage range. TI's LVDS receiver is different in how it handles the open-input circuit situation, however.

Open-circuit means that there is little or no input current to the receiver from the data line itself. This could be when the driver is in a high-impedance state or the cable is disconnected. When this occurs, the LVDS receiver pulls each line of the signal pair to near V_{CC} through 300-k Ω resistors, as shown in Figure 13. The fail-safe feature uses an AND gate with input voltage thresholds at about 2.3 V to detect this condition and force the output to a high-level, regardless of the differential input voltage.

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APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

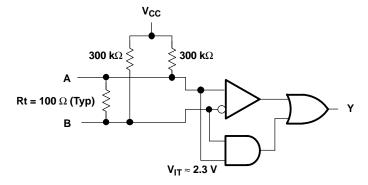


Figure 13. Open-Circuit Fail Safe of the LVDS Receiver

It is only under these conditions that the output of the receiver is valid with less than a 100-mV differential input voltage magnitude. The presence of the termination resistor, Rt, does not affect the fail-safe function as long as it is connected as shown in the figure. Other termination circuits may allow a dc current to ground that could defeat the pullup currents from the receiver and the fail-safe feature.

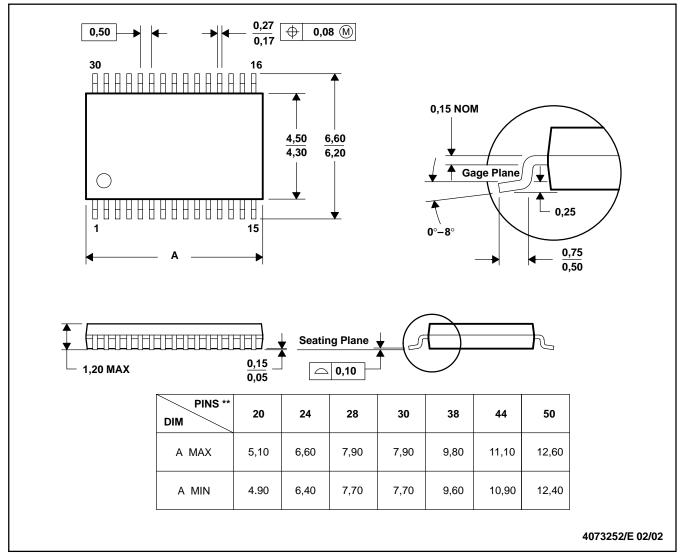
MECHANICAL DATA

MPDS019D - FEBRUARY 1996 - REVISED FEBRUARY 2002

DBT (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

30 PINS SHOWN



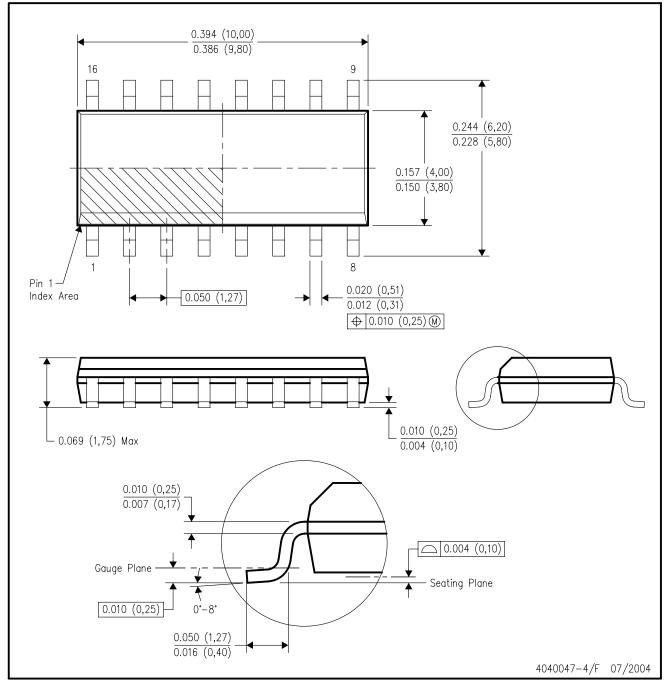
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



D (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).

D. Falls within JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.



MECHANICAL DATA

MTSS001C - JANUARY 1995 - REVISED FEBRUARY 1999

PW (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

14 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



MECHANICAL DATA

MTSS003D - JANUARY 1995 - REVISED JANUARY 1998

DGG (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

48 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



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