











SN74AVCH16T245

SCES587C - AUGUST 2004 - REVISED APRIL 2015

SN74AVCH16T245 16-Bit Dual-Supply Bus Transceiver With Configurable Level-Shifting / Voltage Translation and Tri-State Outputs

Features

- Control Inputs V_{IH}/V_{II} Levels Are Referenced to V_{CCA} Voltage
- V_{CC} Isolation Feature If Either V_{CC} Input is at GND, Both Ports are in the High-Impedance State
- Overvoltage-Tolerant Inputs and Outputs Allow Mixed Voltage-Mode Data Communications
- Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over the Full 1.2 V to 3.6 V Power-Supply Range
- Ioff Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- I/Os are 4.6 V Tolerant
- Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup and Pulldown Resistors
- Maximum Data Rates
 - 380 Mbps (1.8 V to 3.3 V Level-Shifting)
 - 200 Mbps (<1.8 V to 3.3 V Level-Shifting)
 - 200 Mbps (Level-Shifting to 2.5 V or 1.8 V)
 - 150 Mbps (Level-Shifting to 1.5 V)
 - 100 Mbps (Level-Shifting to 1.2 V)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
 - 8000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
 - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

2 Applications

- Personal Electronics
- Industrial
- Enterprise
- Telecom

3 Description

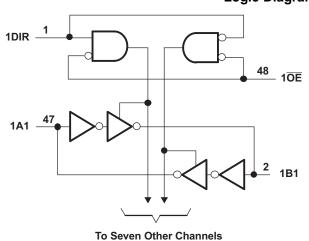
This 16-bit noninverting bus transceiver uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. SN74AVCH16T245 device is optimized to operate with V_{CCA}/V_{CCB} set at 1.4 V to 3.6 V. The device is operational with V_{CCA}/V_{CCB} as low as 1.2 V. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA} . V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. The B port is designed to track V_{CCB} . V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. This allows for universal low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, and 3.3-V voltage

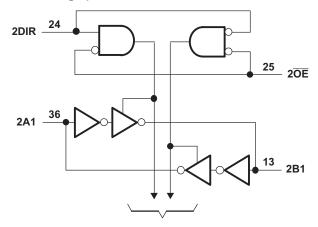
Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
	TSSOP (48)	12.50 mm × 6.10 mm
SN74AVCH16T245	TVSOP (48)	9.70 mm × 4.40 mm
5.11 1.11 511101240	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR (56)	7.00 mm × 4.50 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)





To Seven Other Channels



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4 Revision History

Changes from Revision B (May 2006) to Revision C

Page

Added ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and



5 Description (continued)

The SN74AVCH16T245 control pins (1DIR, 2DIR, 1OE, and 2OE) are supplied by V_{CCA}.

The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down. This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off} .

The V_{CC} isolation feature ensures that if either V_{CC} input is at GND, then both ports are in the high-impedance state.

Active bus-hold circuitry holds unused or undriven inputs at a valid logic state. Use of pullup or pulldown resistors with the bus-hold circuitry is not recommended.

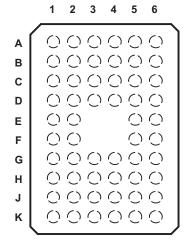
To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

The SN74AVCH16T245 is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable (OE) input can be used to disable the outputs so the buses are effectively isolated.

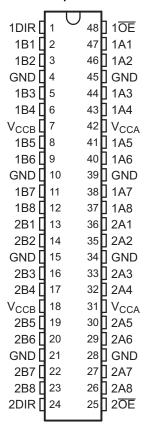


6 Pin Configuration and Functions

GQL or ZQL Package 56-Pin BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR (56) Top View



DGG or DGV Package 48-Pin TSSOP or TVSOP Top View



Pin Functions

	PI	N		
NAME	TSSOP TVSOP	BGA MICROSTAR	I/O	DESCRIPTION
1DIR, 2DIR	1, 24	A1, K1	1	Direction-control signal
1B1 to 1B8	2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 12	B2, B1, C2, C1, D2, D1, E2, E1	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
2B1 to 2B8	13, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 23	F1, F2, G1, G2, H1, J1, J2	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
GND	4, 10, 15, 21, 45, 39, 34, 28	B3, D3, G3, J3, J4, G4, D4, B4	_	Ground
V_{CCB}	7, 18	C3, H3	_	B-port supply voltage. 1.2 V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 3.6 V
1 <u>OE</u> , 2OE	48, 25	A6, K6	_	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{\text{OE}}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to V_{CCA}
1A1 to 1A8	47, 46, 44, 43, 41, 40, 38, 37	B5, B6, C5, C6, D5, D6, E5, E6	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
2A1 to 2A8	36, 35, 33, 32, 30, 29, 27, 26	F6, F5, G6, G5, H6, H5, J6, J5	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
V _{CCA}	42, 31	C4, H4		A-port supply voltage. 1.2 V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 3.6 V
N.C.	_	A2, A3, A4, A5, K2	_	No internal connection

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7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted⁽¹⁾)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CCA}	Supply voltage		-0.5	4.6	V
		I/O ports (A port)	-0.5	4.6	
V_{I}	Input voltage (2)	I/O ports (B port)	-0.5	4.6	V
		Control inputs	-0.5	4.6	
\/	Voltage applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off	A port	-0.5	4.6	V
Vo	state ⁽²⁾	B port	-0.5	4.6	V
\/	Voltage applied to any output in the high or low state (2)(3)	A port	-0.5	V _{CCA} + 0.5	V
Vo	voltage applied to any output in the high of low state	B port	-0.5	V _{CCB} + 0.5	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < 0		- 50	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0		- 50	mA
Io	Continuous output current			±50	mA
	Continuous current through each V _{CCA} , V _{CCB} , and GND			±100	mA
TJ	Junction temperature		-40	150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±8000	
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1000	V
		Machine model (A115-A)	±200	

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500 V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

⁽²⁾ The input voltage (V₁) and output negative-voltage (V_O) ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

⁽³⁾ The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 4.6 V maximum if the output current rating is observed.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250 V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1) (2) (3)

			V _{CCI}	V _{cco}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage				1.2	3.6	V
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage				1.2	3.6	V
			1.2 V to 1.95 V		V _{CCI} × 0.65		
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	Data inputs ⁽⁴⁾	1.95 V to 2.7 V		1.6		V
	input voltage		2.7 V to 3.6 V		2		
			1.2 V to 1.95 V			V _{CCI} × 0.35	
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	Data inputs ⁽⁴⁾	1.95 V to 2.7 V			0.7	V
	input voltage		2.7 V to 3.6 V			0.8	
			1.2 V to 1.95 V		V _{CCA} × 0.65		
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	DIR (referenced to V _{CCA}) ⁽⁵⁾	1.95 V to 2.7 V		1.6		V
	input voltage	(referenced to VCCA)	2.7 V to 3.6 V		2		
			1.2 V to 1.95 V			V _{CCA} × 0.35	
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	DIR (referenced to V _{CCA}) ⁽⁵⁾	1.95 V to 2.7 V			0.7	V
	input voltage	(referenced to ACCV)	2.7 V to 3.6 V			0.8	
V _I	Input voltage				0	3.6	V
\/	Outrout walks as	Active state			0	V _{CCO}	V
V_{O}	Output voltage	Tri-State			0	3.6	V
				1.2 V		-3	
				1.4 V to 1.6 V		-6	
I_{OH}	High-level output cur	rrent		1.65 V to 1.95 V		-8	mA
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		-9	
				3 V to 3.6 V		-12	
				1.2 V		3	
				1.4 V to 1.6 V		6	
I_{OL}	Low-level output cur	rent		1.65 V to 1.95 V		8	mA
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		9	
				3 V to 3.6 V		12	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise of	or fall rate				5	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air te	mperature			-40	85	°C

- V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
 V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.
 All unused data inputs of the device must be held at V_{CCI} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, SCBA004.
 For V_{CCI} values not specified in the data sheet, V_{IH} min = V_{CCI} x 0.7 V, V_{IL} max = V_{CCI} x 0.3 V.
 For V_{CCA} values not specified in the data sheet, V_{IH} min = V_{CCA} x 0.7 V, V_{IL} max = V_{CCA} x 0.3 V.

7.4 Thermal Information

			SN74AV0	CH16T245	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	TSSOP (DGG)	TVSOP (DGV)	ZQL/GQL (BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR)	UNIT
		48 PINS	48 PINS	56 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	82.5	69.9	64.6	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	34.2	23.9	16.6	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	45.1	36.6	30.8	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	2.7	1.7	0.9	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	44.6	36.2	64.6	°C/W

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

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7.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)(2)

DAD	A METER	TEST CONT	OITIONS	V	V	1	$\Gamma_A = 25^{\circ}C$		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to	85°C	LIAUT	
PAK	AMETER	TEST CONI	DITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
		$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$		1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V				V _{CCO} - 0.2			
		$I_{OH} = -3 \text{ mA}$		1.2 V	1.2 V		0.95					
. ,		$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$., .,	1.4 V	1.4 V				1.05			
V _{OH}		$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	$V_I = V_{IH}$	1.65 V	1.65 V				1.2		V	
		$I_{OH} = -9 \text{ mA}$		2.3 V	2.3 V				1.75			
		I _{OH} = -12 mA		3 V	3 V				2.3			
		I _{OL} = 100 μA		1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					0.2		
		I _{OL} = 3 mA		1.2 V	1.2 V		0.15					
. ,		I _{OL} = 6 mA	., .,	1.4 V	1.4 V					0.35	V	
V_{OL}		I _{OL} = 8 mA	$V_I = V_{IL}$	1.65 V	1.65 V					0.45	V	
		I _{OL} = 9 mA		2.3 V	2.3 V					0.55		
		I _{OL} = 12 mA		3 V	3 V					0.7		
l _l	Control inputs	V _I = V _{CCA} or GN	ID	1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V		±0.025	±0.25		±1	μΑ	
	1	V _I = 0.42 V		1.2 V	1.2 V		25					
		V _I = 0.49 V		1.4 V	1.4 V				15			
BHL ⁽³⁾	V _I = 0.58 V		1.65 V	1.65 V				25		μΑ		
	$V_1 = 0.7 V$		2.3 V	2.3 V				45				
		V _I = 0.8 V		3.3 V	3.3 V				100			
		V _I = 0.78 V		1.2 V	1.2 V		-25					
		V _I = 0.91 V		1.4 V	1.4 V				-15		μA	
I _{BHH} (4)	V _I = 1.07 V		1.65 V	1.65 V				-25			
		V _I = 1.6 V		2.3 V	2.3 V				-45			
		V _I = 2 V		3.3 V	3.3 V				-100			
				1.2 V	1.2 V		50					
				1.6 V	1.6 V				125			
I _{BHLO}	(5)	$V_I = 0$ to V_{CC}		1.95 V	1.95 V				200		μΑ	
				2.7 V	2.7 V				300			
				3.6 V	3.6 V				500			
				1.2 V	1.2 V		-50					
				1.6 V	1.6 V				-125			
Івнно	(6)	$V_I = 0$ to V_{CC}		1.95 V	1.95 V				-200		μΑ	
				2.7 V	2.7 V				-300			
				3.6 V	3.6 V				-500			
	A port	V V - 0 : - 5	/	0 V	0 to 3.6 V		±0.1	±2.5		±5		
l _{off}	B port	V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 3	5.6 V	0 to 3.6 V	0 V		±0.1	±2.5		±5	μΑ	

Product Folder Links: SN74AVCH16T245

 V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port. The bus-hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at V_{IL} max. I_{BHL} should be measured after lowering V_{IN} to GND and the relation is to V_{IL} max. and then raising it to V_{IL} max.

The bus-hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at V_{IH} min. I_{BHH} should be measured after raising V_{IN} to V_{CC} and then lowering it to V_{IH} min.

An external driver must source at least I_{BHLO} to switch this node from low to high. An external driver must sink at least I_{BHHO} to switch this node from high to low.



Electrical Characteristics (continued)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

DAD	AMETER	TEST COM	DITIONS	V	V	Т	_A = 25°C		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to	0°58 c	LINUT	
PAR	AMETER	TEST CON	DITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
loz	A or B port	$V_O = V_{CCO}$ or GND,	OE = V _{IH}	3.6 V	3.6 V		±0.5	±2.5		±5		
1 ₀ z (7)	B port	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or	$\overline{OE} = don't$	0 V	3.6 V					±5	μA	
	A port	GND	care	3.6 V	0 V					±5		
				1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					25		
I _{CCA}		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$		0 V	3.6 V					-5	μΑ	
				3.6 V	0 V					25		
				1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					25		
I _{CCB}		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GN	$ID, I_O = 0$	0 V	3.6 V					25	μΑ	
				3.6 V	0 V					-5		
I _{CCA} +	⊦ I _{CCB}	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GN	ID, I _O = 0	1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					45	μΑ	
Ci	Control inputs	V _I = 3.3 V or Gf	ND	3.3 V	3.3 V		3.5				pF	
C _{io}	A or B port	V _O = 3.3 V or G	SND	3.3 V	3.3 V		7				pF	

⁽⁷⁾ For I/O ports, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.

7.6 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ (see Figure 11)

DADAMETED	FROM	то	V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	V _{CCB} = 1.5 V	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V	LINUT
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	UNIT
t _{PLH}	А	В	4.1	3.3	3	2.8	3.2	20
t _{PHL}	A	Ь	4.1	3.3	3	2.8	3.2	ns
t _{PLH}	В	А	4.4	4	3.8	3.6	3.5	no
t _{PHL}	ь	A	4.4	4	3.8	3.6	3.5	ns
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	Α	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	ns
t _{PZL}	OL	A	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	115
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	В	6	4.6	4	3.4	3.2	ns
t _{PZL}	OL	В	6	4.6	4	3.4	3.2	115
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	А	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.8	no
t _{PLZ}	OE	A	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.8	ns
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	В	6	4.9	4.9	4.2	5.3	ne
t _{PLZ}	OE	Б	6	4.9	4.9	4.2	5.3	ns

Product Folder Links: SN74AVCH16T245



7.7 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$ (see Figure 11)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	V _{CCB} = ±0.1		V _{CCB} = ±0.1		V _{CCB} = ±0.2		V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ±0.3 V		UNIT
	(INPUT)	(001701)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	А	В	3.6	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	20
t _{PHL}	Α	В	3.6	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	ns
t _{PLH}	В	Α	3.3	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.6	0.5	5.5	20
t _{PHL}	Ь	A	3.3	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.6	0.5	5.5	ns
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	Α	4.3	1	10.1	1	10.1	1	10.1	1	10.1	20
t _{PZL}	OE	A	4.3	1	10.1	1	10.1	1	10.1	1	10.1	ns
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	В	5.6	1	10.1	0.5	8.1	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.2	20
t _{PZL}	OE	В	5.6	1	10.1	0.5	8.1	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.2	ns
t _{PHZ}		^	4.5	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	
t _{PLZ}	ŌĒ	Α	4.5	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	ns
t _{PHZ}	<u> </u>	В	5.5	1.5	8.7	1.5	7.5	1	6.5	1	6.3	20
t _{PLZ}	ŌĒ	В	5.5	1.5	8.7	1.5	7.5	1	6.5	1	6.3	ns

7.8 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 1.8 V \pm 0.15 V (see Figure 11)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO	V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	V _{CCB} = ±0.1		V _{CCB} = ±0.1		V _{CCB} = ±0.2		V _{CCB} = ±0.3		UNIT
	(INFOT)	(OUTPUT)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	А	В	3.4	0.5	5.9	0.5	4.8	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	20
t _{PHL}	А	В	3.4	0.5	5.9	0.5	4.8	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	ns
t _{PLH}	В	Α	3	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.5	0.5	4.4	20
t _{PHL}	D	A	3	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.5	0.5	4.4	ns
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	Α	3.4	1	7.8	1	7.8	1	7.8	1	7.8	no
t _{PZL}	OE	A	3.4	1	7.8	1	7.8	1	7.8	1	7.8	ns
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	В	5.4	1	9.2	0.5	7.4	0.5	5.3	0.5	4.5	20
t _{PZL}	OE	В	5.4	1	9.2	0.5	7.4	0.5	5.3	0.5	4.5	ns
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	Α	4.2	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	20
t_{PLZ}	OE	A	4.2	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	ns
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	В	5.2	1.5	8.4	1.5	7.1	1	5.9	1	5.7	20
t _{PLZ}	OE	В	5.2	1.5	8.4	1.5	7.1	1	5.9	1	5.7	ns



7.9 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ (see Figure 11)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ±0.1 V ±0.15 V		1.8 V 5 V	V _{CCB} = ±0.2		V _{CCB} = ±0.3		UNIT
	(INPUT)	(001701)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	А	В	3.2	0.5	5.6	0.5	4.5	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.8	ns
t _{PHL}	A	ь	3.2	0.5	5.6	0.5	4.5	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.8	113
t _{PLH}	В	^	2.6	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	0.5	3.2	20
t _{PHL}	Ь	Α	2.6	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	0.5	3.2	ns
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	А	2.5	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	ns
t_{PZL}	OE	A	2.5	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	113
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	В	5.2	0.5	9.4	0.5	7.3	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.5	20
t _{PZL}	OE	Б	5.2	0.5	9.4	0.5	7.3	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.5	ns
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	А	3	1	6.1	1	6.1	1	6.1	1	6.1	20
t_{PLZ}	OE	A	3	1	6.1	1	6.1	1	6.1	1	6.1	ns
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ		5	1	7.9	1	6.6	1	6.1	1	5.2	20
t _{PLZ}	UE	В	5	1	7.9	1	6.6	1	6.1	1	5.2	ns

7.10 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ (see Figure 11)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	$V_{CCB} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ $\pm 0.1 \text{ V}$		V _{CCB} = ±0.1		V _{CCB} = ±0.2		V _{CCB} = ±0.3		UNIT
	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	А	В	3.2	0.5	5.5	0.5	4.4	0.5	3.2	0.5	2.7	2
t _{PHL}	А	В	3.2	0.5	5.5	0.5	4.4	0.5	3.2	0.5	2.7	ns
t _{PLH}	В	Α	2.8	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.8	0.5	2.7	2
t _{PHL}	Ь	A	2.8	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.8	0.5	2.7	ns
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	Α	2.2	0.5	4.3	0.5	4.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	4	5
t _{PZL}	OE	A	2.2	0.5	4.3	0.5	4.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	4	ns
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	В	5.1	0.5	9.3	0.5	7.2	0.5	4.9	0.5	4	2
t _{PZL}	OE	В	5.1	0.5	9.3	0.5	7.2	0.5	4.9	0.5	4	ns
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	Α	3.4	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	2
t _{PLZ}	OE	A	3.4	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	ns
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	Б	4.9	1	7.7	1	6.5	1	5.2	0.5	5	
t _{PLZ}	UE	В	4.9	1	7.7	1	6.5	1	5.2	0.5	5	ns

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7.11 Operating Characteristics

 $T_{\Delta} = 25^{\circ}C$

1A - 23	I _A = 25 C													
	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 1.5 V$	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.8 V	$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 2.5 V$	$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.3 V$	UNIT					
			CONDITIONS	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP						
C _{pdA} (1)	A to B	Outputs enabled		1	1	1	1	2						
		Outputs disabled	$C_L = 0,$ f = 10 MHz,	1	1	1	1	1	pF pF					
	B to A	Outputs enabled	$t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	13	13	14	15	16	рг					
	B to A	Outputs disabled		1	1	1	1	1						
	A to B	Outputs enabled		13	13	14	15	16						
C (1)	AIOB	Outputs disabled	$C_L = 0,$ f = 10 MHz,	1	1	1	1	1	n.E					
C _{pdB} ⁽¹⁾	P to A	Outputs enabled	$t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	1	1	1	1	2	þΓ					
	B to A	Outputs disabled		1	1	1	1	1						

⁽¹⁾ Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver. Refer to the TI application report, CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation, SCAA035

Table 1. Typical Total Static Power Consumption ($I_{CCA} + I_{CCB}$)

V			V	CCA			UNIT
V _{CCB}	0 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	UNIT
0 V	0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
1.2 V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	
1.5 V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	
1.8 V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	μA
2.5 V	<0.5	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
3.3 V	<0.5	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	



7.12 Typical Characteristics ($T_A = 25^{\circ}C$)

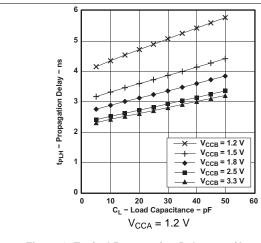


Figure 1. Typical Propagation Delay t_{PLH} (A to B) vs Load Capacitance

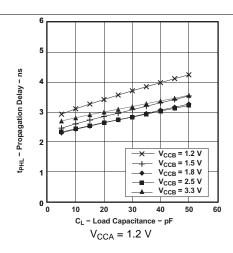


Figure 2. Typical Propagation Delay t_{PHL} (A to B) vs Load Capacitance

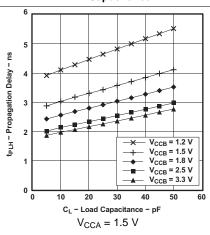


Figure 3. Typical Propagation Delay t_{PLH} (A to B) vs Load Capacitance

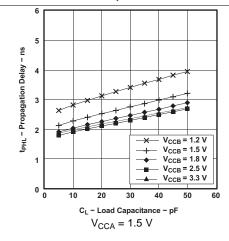


Figure 4. Typical Propagation Delay t_{PHL} (A to B) vs Load Capacitance

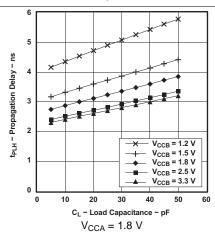


Figure 5. Typical Propagation Delay t_{PLH} (A to B) vs Load Capacitance

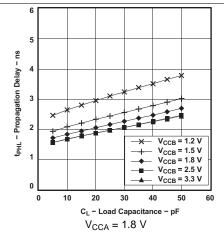


Figure 6. Typical Propagation Delay t_{PHL} (A to B) vs Load Capacitance



Typical Characteristics (T_A = 25°C) (continued)

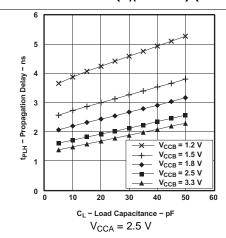


Figure 7. Typical Propagation Delay t_{PLH} (A to B) vs Load Capacitance

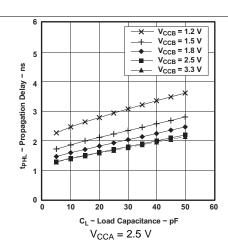


Figure 8. Typical Propagation Delay t_{PHL} (A to B) vs Load Capacitance

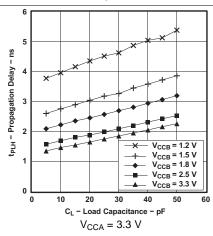


Figure 9. Typical Propagation Delay t_{PLH} (A to B) vs Load Capacitance

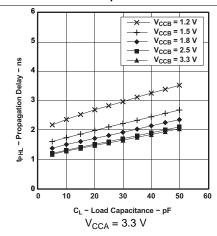
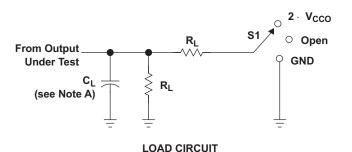


Figure 10. Typical Propagation Delay t_{PHL} (A to B) vs Load Capacitance

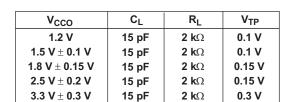
 V_{CCA}

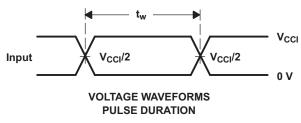


8 Parameter Measurement Information



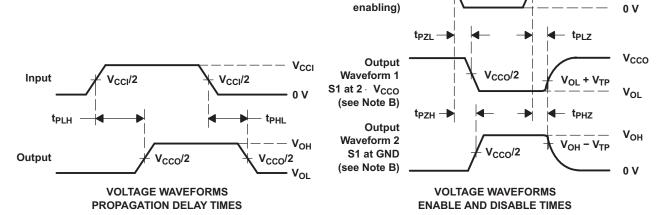
TEST	S1
t _{pd}	Open
t _{PLZ} /t _{PZL}	2 · V _{CCO}
t _{PHZ} /t _{PZH}	GND





V_{CCA}/2

V_{CCA}/2



Output Control

(low-level

NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR 10 MHz, $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$, $dv/dt \ge 1 V/ns$.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd} .
- F. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
- G. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

Figure 11. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



9 Detailed Description

9.1 Overview

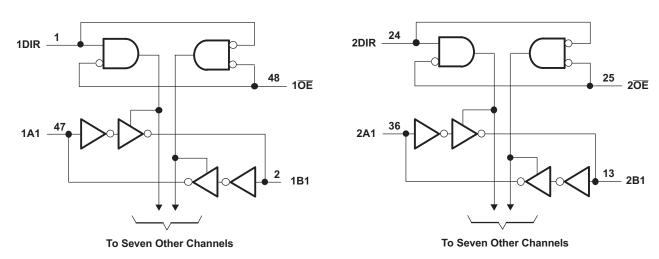
The SN74AVCH16T245 is a 16-bit, dual-supply noninverting bidirectional voltage level translation. Pins A and control pins (DIR and \overline{OE}) are supported by V_{CCA} and pins B are supported by V_{CCB} . The A port can accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.2 V to 3.6 V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. A high on DIR allows data transmission from A to B and a low on DIR allows data transmission from B to A when \overline{OE} is set to low. When \overline{OE} is set to high, both A and B are in the high-impedance state.

SN74AVCH16T245 features Active bus-hold circuitry holds unused or undriven inputs at a valid logic state. Use of pullup or pulldown resistors with the bus-hold circuitry is not recommended.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using off output current (I_{off}).

The V_{CC} isolation feature ensures that if either V_{CC} input is at GND, both ports are put in a high-impedance state.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram



9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over the Full 1.2 V to 3.6 V Power-Supply Range

Both V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} can be supplied at any voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V making the device suitable for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (1.2 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V).

9.3.2 Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation

The I_{off} circuitry will prevent backflow current by disabling I/O output circuits when device is in partial power-down mode. This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using off output current (I_{off}). The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

9.3.3 V_{CC} Isolation

The V_{CC} isolation feature ensures that if either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} are at GND, both ports will be in a high-impedance state (I_{OZ} shown in *Electrical Characteristics*). This prevents false logic levels from being presented to either bus.

Product Folder Links: SN74AVCH16T245



9.4 Device Functional Modes

The SN74AVCH16T245 is a voltage level translator that can operate from 1.2 V to 3.6 V (V_{CCB}) and 1.2 V to 3.6 V (V_{CCB}). The signal translation between 1.2 V and 3.6 V requires direction control and output enable control. When \overline{OE} is low and \overline{OE} is high, data transmission is from A to B. When \overline{OE} is low and \overline{OE} is low, data transmission is from B to A. When \overline{OE} is high, both output ports will be high-impedance.

Table 2. Function Table (Each Transceiver)

INP	UTS	OPERATION
ŌĒ	DIR	OPERATION
L	L	B data to A bus
L	Н	A data to B bus
Н	X	Isolation



10 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

10.1 Application Information

The SN74AVCH16T245 device can be used in level-shifting applications for interfacing devices and addressing mixed voltage incompatibility. The SN74AVCH16T245 device is ideal for data transmission where direction is different for each channel.

10.2 Typical Application

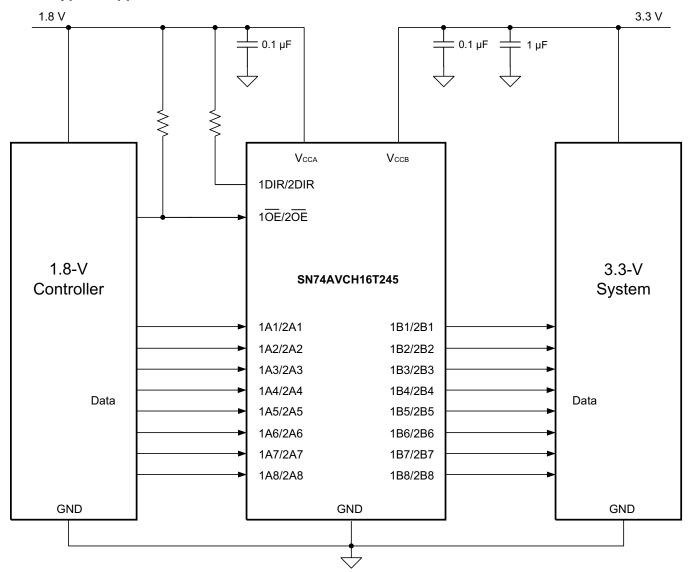


Figure 12. Typical Application Schematic



Typical Application (continued)

10.2.1 Design Requirements

This device uses drivers which are enabled depending on the state of the DIR pin. The designer must know the intended flow of data and take care not to violate any of the high or low logic levels. Unused data inputs are must not be floating, as this can cause excessive internal leakage on the input CMOS structure. Tie any unused input and output ports directly to ground.

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 3.

Table 3. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage range	1.2 V to 3.6 V
Output voltage range	1.2 V to 3.6 V

10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

10.2.2.1 Input Voltage Ranges

Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the SN74AVCH16T245 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic high the value must exceed the V_{IH} of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the V_{IL} of the input port.

10.2.2.2 Output Voltage Range

Use the supply voltage of the device that the SN74AVCH16T245 device is driving to determine the output voltage range.

10.2.3 Application Curve

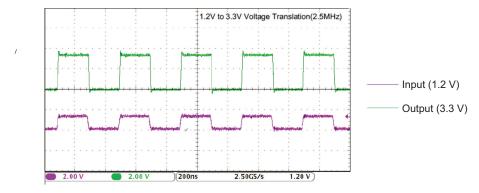


Figure 13. Translation Up (1.2 V to 3.3 V) at 2.5 MHz



11 Power Supply Recommendations

The SN74AVCH16T245 device uses two separate configurable power-supply rails, V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} . V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V and V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. The A port and B port are designed to track V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} , respectively, allowing for low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V and 3.3-V voltage nodes.

The output-enable \overline{OE} input circuit is supplied by V_{CCA} and when the \overline{OE} input is high, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. To ensure the high-impedance state of the outputs during power up or power down, the \overline{OE} input pin must be tied to V_{CCA} through a pullup resistor and must not be enabled until V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are fully ramped and stable. The minimum value of the pullup resistor to V_{CCA} is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines is recommended.

- Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies.
- Short trace lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.
- Placing pads on the signal paths for loading capacitors or pullup resistors to help adjust rise and fall times of signals depending on the system requirements.



12.2 Layout Example



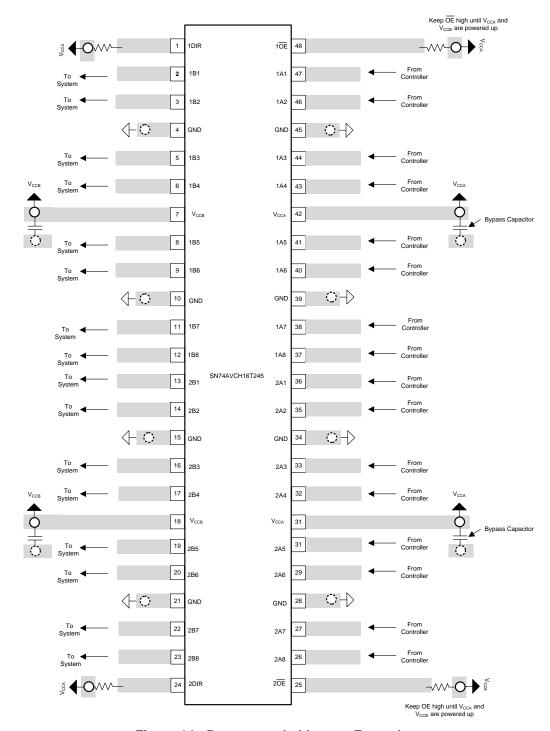


Figure 14. Recommended Layout Example

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13 Device and Documentation Support

13.1 Documentation Support

13.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation, SCAA035
- Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, SCBA004

13.2 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

13.3 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

13.4 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

24-Apr-2015

PACKAGING INFORMATION

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Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
74AVCH16T245ZQLR	ACTIVE	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	ZQL	56	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WJ245	Samples
SN74AVCH16T245GQLR	OBSOLETE	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	GQL	56		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	WJ245	
SN74AVCH16T245GR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AVCH16T245	Samples
SN74AVCH16T245VR	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	48	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WJ245	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

24-Apr-2015

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
74AVCH16T245ZQLR	BGA MI CROSTA R JUNI OR	ZQL	56	1000	330.0	16.4	4.8	7.3	1.5	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74AVCH16T245GR	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	330.0	24.4	8.6	15.8	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN74AVCH16T245VR	TVSOP	DGV	48	2000	330.0	16.4	7.1	10.2	1.6	12.0	16.0	Q1

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*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
74AVCH16T245ZQLR	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	ZQL	56	1000	336.6	336.6	28.6
SN74AVCH16T245GR	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0
SN74AVCH16T245VR	TVSOP	DGV	48	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0

ZQL (R-PBGA-N56)

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MO-285 variation BA-2.
- D. This package is Pb-free. Refer to the 56 GQL package (drawing 4200583) for tin-lead (SnPb).

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DGV (R-PDSO-G**)

24 PINS SHOWN

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15 per side.

D. Falls within JEDEC: 24/48 Pins – MO-153 14/16/20/56 Pins – MO-194

GQL (R-PBGA-N56)

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MO-285 variation BA-2.
- D. This package is tin-lead (SnPb). Refer to the 56 ZQL package (drawing 4204437) for lead-free.



DGG (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

48 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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