

70-V Fault-Protected RS-485 Transceiver With Cable Invert

FEATURES

- Bus-Pin Fault Protection to > ±70 V
- Cable Invert Function Allows Correction for Reversed Bus Pins
- Common-Mode Voltage Range (–20 V to 25 V)
 More Than Doubles TIA/EIA 485 Requirement
- Bus I/O Protection
 - ±16 kV JEDEC HBM Protection
- Reduced Unit Load for Up to 256 Nodes

- Failsafe Receiver for Open-Circuit, Short-Circuit and Idle-Bus Conditions
- Low Power Consumption
 - I_{CC} 5 mA Quiescent During Operation
- Power-Up, Power-Down Glitch-Free Operation

APPLICATIONS

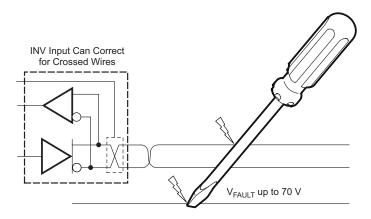
• Designed for RS-485 and RS-422 Networks

DESCRIPTION

These devices are designed to survive overvoltage faults such as direct shorts to power supplies, mis-wiring faults, connector failures, cable crushes, and tool mis-applications. They are also robust to ESD events, with high levels of protection to human-body model specifications.

These devices combine a differential driver and a differential receiver, which operate from a single power supply. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs are connected internally to for a bus port suitable for half-duplex (two-wire bus) communication. A cable invert pin (INV) allows active correction of mis-wires that may occur during installation. Upon detecting communication errors, the user can apply a logic HIGH to the INV pin, effectively inverting the polarity of the differential bus port, thereby correcting for the reversed bus wires.

These devices feature a wide common-mode voltage range, making them suitable for multi-point applications over long cable runs. These devices are characterized from –40°C to 105°C.



PRODUCT SELECTION GUIDE

PART NUMBER	DUPLEX	SIGNALING RATE	NODES	CABLE LENGTH
SN65HVD1794	Half	115 kbps	Up to 256	1500 m
SN65HVD1795 PREVIEW	Half	1 Mbps	Up to 256	150 m
SN65HVD1796 PREVIEW	Half	10 Mbps	Up to 64	50 m

For similar features with 3.3 V supply operation, see the SN65HVD1781 (SLLS877).



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These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

DEVICE INFORMATION

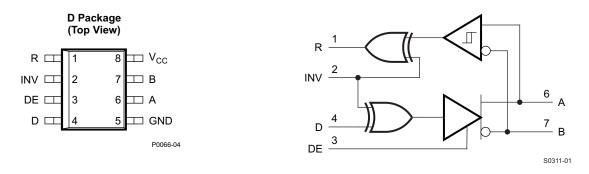


Figure 1. SN65HVD17xx With Inverting Feature to Correct for Miswired Cables

DRIVER FUNCTION TABLE

INPUT	ENABLE	INVERT	OUT	PUTS	
D	DE	INV	Α	В	
Н	Н	L	Н	L	Actively drive normal bus High
L	Н	L	L	Н	Actively drive normal bus Low
Н	Н	Н	L	Н	Actively drive inverted bus High (drive normal bus Low)
L	Н	Н	Н	L	Actively drive inverrted bus Low (drive normal bus High)
Х	L	Х	Z	Z	Driver disabled
Х	OPEN	Х	Z	Z	Driver disabled by default
OPEN	Н	L	Н	L	Actively drive bus High by default
OPEN	Н	Н	L	Н	Actively drive bus Low by default (inverted cable)

RECEIVER FUNCTION TABLE

DIFFERENTIAL INPUT	INVERT	OUTPUT	
$V_{ID} = V_A - V_B$	INV	R	
V · · · V	L or OPEN	Н	Receive valid bus High
$V_{IT+} < V_{ID}$	Н	L	Receive inverted bus Low
$V_{IT-} < V_{ID} < V_{IT+}$	Х	?	Indeterminate bus state
V -4 V	L or OPEN	L	Receive valid bus Low
$V_{ID} < V_{IT-}$	Н	Н	Receive inverted bus High
On an aircuit hua	L or OPEN	Н	Fail-safe high output
Open-circuit bus	Н	L	Failsafe inverted output
Short-circuit bus	L or OPEN	Н	Fail-safe high output
Short-circuit bus	Н	L	Failsafe inverted output
Idla (tarminatad) bus	L or OPEN	Н	Fail-safe high output
Idle (terminated) bus	h	L	Failsafe inverted output

NSTRUMENTS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

		VALUE	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	–0.5 to 7	V
	Voltage range at A and B pins	-70 to 70	V
	Input voltage range at any logic pin	-0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
	Voltage input range, transient pulse, A and B, through 100 $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$	-100 to 100	V
	Receiver output current	-24 to 24	mA
T_{J}	Junction temperature	170	°C
	Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table	
	IEC 60749-26 ESD (human-body model), bus terminals and GND	±16	kV
	JEDEC Standard 22, Test Method A114 (human-body model), bus terminals and GND	±16	kV
	JEDEC Standard 22, Test Method A114 (human-body model), all pins	±4	kV
	JEDEC Standard 22, Test Method C101 (charged-device model), all pins	±2	kV
	JEDEC Standard 22, Test Method A115 (machine model), all pins	±400	V

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

PACKAGE DISSIPATION RATINGS

PACKAGE	JEDEC THERMAL MODEL	T _A < 25°C RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C	T _A = 85°C RATING	T _A = 105°C RATING
COIC (D) 9 nin	High-K	905 mW	7.25 mW/°C	470 mW	325 mW
SOIC (D) 8-pin	Low-K	516 mW	4.1 mW/°C	268 mW	186 mW
DDID (D) 0 nin	High-K	2119 mW	16.9 mW/°C	1100 mW	763 mW
PDIP (P) 8-pin	Low-K	976 mW	7.8 mW/°C	508 mW	352 mW

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		4.5	5	5.5	V
VI	Input voltage at	any bus terminal (separately or common mode) ⁽¹⁾	-20		25	V
V _{IH}	High-level input	voltage (driver, driver enable, and invert inputs)	2		V _{CC}	V
V _{IL}	Low-level input	voltage (driver, driver enable, and invert inputs)	0		0.8	V
V _{ID}	Differential input	voltage	-25		25	V
	Output current, driver		-60		60	mA
IO	Output current, i	-8		8	mA	
R _L	Differential load	resistance	54	60		Ω
C _L	Differential load	capacitance		50		pF
		HVD1794			115	kbps
1/t _{UI}	Signaling rate	HVD1795			1	Mhna
		HVD1796			10	Mbps
T _A	Operating free-a	Operating free-air temperature (See application section for thermal information)				°C
T _J	Junction temper	ature	-40		150	°C

⁽¹⁾ By convention, the least positive (most negative) limit is designated as minimum in this data sheet.

INSTRUMENTS

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	3	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
		RS-485 with	T _A ≤ 85°	С	1.5			
V _{OD}	Driver differential output voltage magnitude	common-mode load, V _{CC} > 4.75 V, see Figure 2	$V_{CC} > 4.75 \text{ V, see}$ $T_{\Delta} \le 105^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.4			V
		R _L = 54 Ω, 4.75 V ≤ V	_{CC} ≤ 5.25	V	1.5	2		
		$R_L = 100 \Omega, 4.75 V \le 3$	V _{CC} ≤ 5.2	5 V	2	2.5		
$\Delta V_{OD} $	Change in magnitude of driver differential output voltage	R _L = 54 Ω			-0.2	0	0.2	V
V _{OC(SS)}	Steady-state common-mode output voltage				1	V _{CC} /2	3	V
ΔV_{OC}	Change in differential driver output common-mode voltage				-100	0	100	mV
V _{OC(PP)}	Peak-to-peak driver common-mode output voltage	Center of two 27-Ω loa Figure 3	ad resisto	s, See		500		mV
C _{OD}	Differential output capacitance					23		pF
V _{IT+}	Positive-going receiver differential input voltage threshold			-100	-10	mV		
V _{IT}	Negative-going receiver differential input voltage threshold	V _{CM} = -20 V to 25 V	-200	-150		mV		
V _{HYS}	Receiver differential input voltage threshold hysteresis $(V_{IT+} - V_{IT-})$		30	50		mV		
V_{OH}	Receiver high-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$			2.4	V _{CC} - 0.3		V
V	Penniver law level output voltage	1 - 9 m A	T _A ≤ 85°	С		0.2	0.4	V
V_{OL}	Receiver low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$	T _A ≤ 105	5°C		0.2	0.5	V
I _I	Driver input, driver enable, and invert input current				-100		100	μΑ
Ios	Driver short-circuit output current				-250	·	250	mA
			94, 95	V _I = 12 V		75	125	
I _I	Bus input current (disabled driver)	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V or}$	94, 90	$V_I = -7 V$	-100	-40		μΑ
'1	Data input duriont (discussed direct)	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ DE at } 0 \text{ V}$	96	V _I = 12 V			500	μι
				$V_I = -7 V$	-400			
I _{CC}	Supply current (quiescent)	Driver enabled	DE = 5V			4	6	mA
	Cappin Camoria (Maiococini)	Driver disabled	er disabled DE = GND			2	4	
	Supply current (dynamic)	See TYPICAL CHARA	ACTERIST	TCS section				



SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	TEST CONDITIONS			MAX	UNIT
DRIVER (H	/D1794)					,	-
t _r , t _f	Driver differential output rise/fall time			0.4	1.7	2.6	μs
t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	Driver propagation delay	$R_1 = 54 \Omega, C_1 = 50 pF, See F$		0.8	2	μs	
t _{SK(P)}	Driver differential output pulse skew, tpHL - tpLH	Λ[– 54 Ω, δ[– 50 μ , δεε τ	iguic 4		20	250	ns
t _{PHZ} , t _{PLZ}	Driver disable time	See Figure 5 and Figure 6			0.1	5	μs
t _{PZH} , t _{PZL}	Driver enable time				0.2	3	μs
DRIVER (H	/D1795)					<u>'</u>	
t _r , t _f	Driver differential output rise/fall time			50		300	ns
t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	Driver propagation delay	$R_1 = 54 \Omega, C_1 = 50 pF, See I$	Figure 4			200	ns
t _{SK(P)}	Driver differential output pulse skew, tphL - tpLH	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	iguic 4			25	ns
t _{PHZ} , t _{PLZ}	Driver disable time	See Figure 5 and Figure 6				3	μs
t _{PZH} , t _{PZL}	Driver enable time					500	ns
DRIVER (H	/D1796)					<u>'</u>	
t _r , t _f	Driver differential output rise/fall time			3		30	ns
t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	Driver propagation delay	$R_1 = 54 \Omega, C_1 = 50 pF, See F$	Figure 4			50	ns
t _{SK(P)}	Driver differential output pulse skew, tpHL - tpLH	Ν = 34 Ω, Θ = 30 βι , σεε ι	iguic 4			10	ns
t _{PHZ} , t _{PLZ}	Driver disable time	See Figure 5 and Figure 6				3	μs
t _{PZH} , t _{PZL}	Driver enable time					500	ns
RECEIVER	(ALL DEVICES UNLESS OTHERWISE NOT	ED)				<u>'</u>	
t _r , t _f	Receiver output rise/fall time				4	15	ns
	Describes a series and the delegation		94, 95		100	200	
t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	Receiver propagation delay time	C _L = 15 pF, See Figure 7	96			70	ns
	Receiver output pulse skew,		94, 95		6	20	
t _{SK(P)}	tphl - tplh		96			5	ns





THERMAL INFORMATION

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT	
		SOIC-8	JEDEC high-K model	138		
В	lunction to ambient thermal registeres (no similary)	3010-6	JEDIC low-K model	242	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (no airflow)	DIP-8	JEDEC high-K model	59	*C/vv	
		DIF-0	JEDIC low-K model	128		
В	lunction to board thermal resistance	SOIC-8		62	°C/W	
K _{θJB}	R _{eJB} Junction-to-board thermal resistance			39	*C/VV	
В	lunation to again the armal registers of	SOIC-8		61	°C/W	
R _{θJC}	R _{BJC} Junction-to-case thermal resistance			61	·C/vv	
		94	V_{CC} = 5.5 V, T_J = 150°C, R_L = 300 Ω , C_L = 50 pF (driver), C_L = 15 pF (receiver) 5-V supply, unterminated ⁽¹⁾	290		
		94	$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C}, R_L = 100 \Omega,$		mW	
PD	Power dissipation	95	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF (driver)}, C_L = 15 \text{ pF (receiver)}$ 5-V supply, RS-422 load ⁽¹⁾	320		
. 0	Tower dissipation	96	_ 0 v supp.y, r.o : <u></u> sad			
		94	$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C}, R_L = 54 \Omega,$	400		
		95	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF (driver)}, C_L = 15 \text{ pF (receiver)}$ 5-V supply, RS-485 load ⁽¹⁾			
		96	3			
T_{SD}	Thermal-shutdown junction temperature			170	°C	

⁽¹⁾ Driver enabled, 50% duty cycle square-wave signal at signaling rate: 115 kbps for HVD1794, 1 Mbps for HVD1795, 10 Mbps for HVD1796

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Input generator rate is 100 kbps, 50% duty cycle, rise and fall times less than 6 nsec, output impedance 50 Ω .

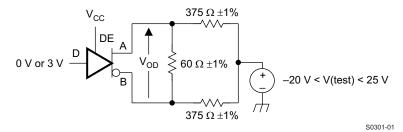


Figure 2. Measurement of Driver Differential Output Voltage With Common-Mode Load

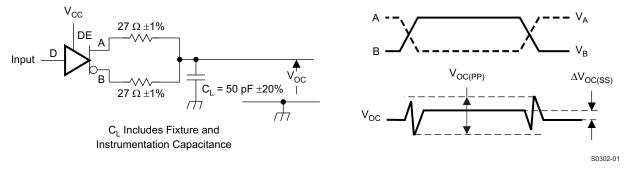


Figure 3. Measurement of Driver Differential and Common-Mode Output With RS-485 Load



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

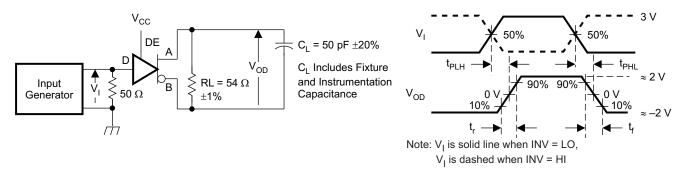
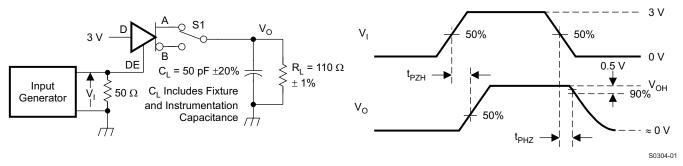
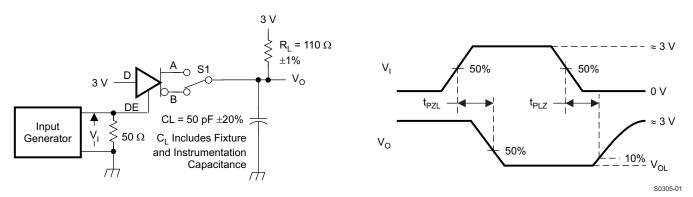


Figure 4. Measurement of Driver Differential Output Rise and Fall Times and Propagation Delays



NOTE: D at 3 V to test non-inverting output, D at 0 V to test inverting output.

Figure 5. Measurement of Driver Enable and Disable Times With Active High Output and Pulldown Load



NOTE: D at 0 V to test non-inverting output, D at 3 V to test inverting output.

Figure 6. Measurement of Driver Enable and Disable Times With Active-Low Output and Pullup Load

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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

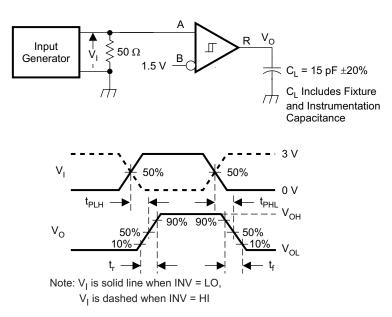
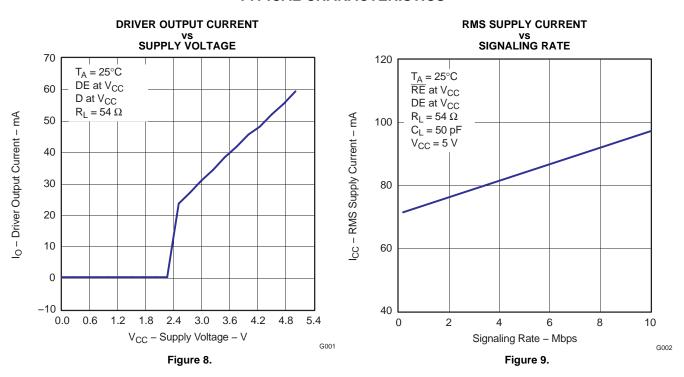


Figure 7. Measurement of Receiver Output Rise and Fall Times and Propagation Delays

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

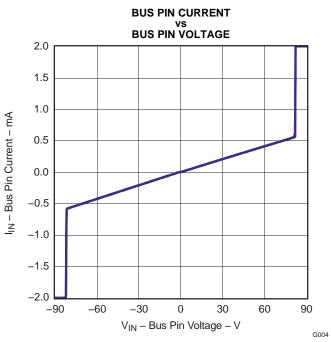
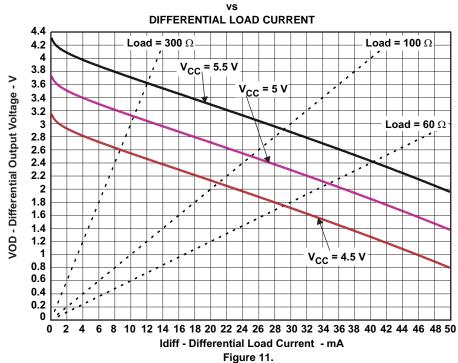


Figure 10.
DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT VOLTAGE



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ADDITIONAL OPTIONS

The SN65HVD17xx family also has options for J1708 applications, for always-enabled full-duplex versions (industry-standard SN65LBC179 footprint) and for inverting-polarity versions, which allow users to correct a reversal of the bus wires without re-wiring. Contact your local Texas Instruments representative for information on these options.

PART NUMBER SN65HVD17xx					
FOOTPRINT/FUNCTION	SLOW	MEDIUM	FAST		
Half-duplex (176 pinout)	85	86	87		
Full-duplex no enables (179 pinout)	88	89	90		
Full-duplex with enables (180 pinout)	91	92	93		
Half-duplex with cable invert	94	95	96		
Full-duplex with cable invert and enables	97	98	99		
J1708	08	09	10		

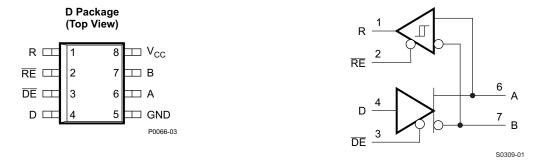


Figure 12. SN65HVD1708E Transceiver for J1708 Applications



Figure 13. SN65HVD17xx Always-Enabled Driver Receiver



APPLICATION INFORMATION

Hot-Plugging

These devices are designed to operate in "hot swap" or "hot pluggable" applications. Key features for hot-pluggable applications are power-up, power-down glitch free operation, default disabled input/output pins, and receiver failsafe. As shown in Figure 8, an internal Power-On Reset circuit keeps the driver outputs in a high-impedance state until the supply voltage has reached a level at which the device will reliably operate. This ensures that no spurious transitions (glitches) will occur on the bus pin outputs as the power supply turns on or turns off.

As shown in the device **FUNCTION TABLE**, the *ENABLE* inputs have the feature of default disable on both the driver enable and receiver enable. This ensures that the device will neither drive the bus nor report data on the R pin until the associated controller actively drives the enable pins.

Likewise, the receiver output is "failsafe" to open-circuit, short-circuit, or idle (terminated only) bus conditions. This eliminates false transitions on the receiver output until a valid RS-485 signal is applied to the receiver input pins.

Cable Invert

For many RS-485 applications, wiring of data cables takes place during equipment installation, and the possibility of miss-wiring is a significant issue. When the twisted-pair wires are reversed due to installation mistakes, normal RS-485 communication is not possible. The Cable Invert (INV) pin allows designers to compensate for this installation mistake. Under normal circumstances, the INV pin can be set to logic LOW, and the transceiver operates with normal polarity. If, after initial network start-up, a node cannot communicate properly, the local controller can set the INV pin high, which will invert the polarity of the A and B differential bus pins. This will compensate for a reversal of the bus wires, allowing proper communication.

Receiver Failsafe

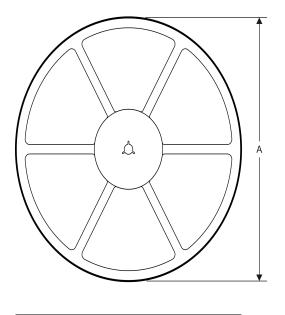
The differential receiver is "failsafe" to invalid bus states caused by open bus conditions such as a disconnected connector, shorted bus conditions such as cable damage shorting the twisted-pair together or idle bus conditions that occur when no driver is actively driving a valid RS-485 bus state on the network. In any of these cases, the differential receiver outputs a failsafe state, so that small noise signals do not cause spurious transitions at the receiver output. When INV is logic Low or Open (normal operation), the receiver output will be failsafe High. When INV is logic High to correct for a twisted-pair reversal, the receiver output will be failsafe Low under those fault conditions.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS



TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN65HVD1794DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

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*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN65HVD1794DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0

P (R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 variation BA.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



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