

# DMOS 100mA Low-Dropout Regulator

## FEATURES

- **NEW DMOS TOPOLOGY:**  
Ultra Low Dropout Voltage:  
60mV typ at 100mA  
Output capacitor NOT required for stability
- **FAST TRANSIENT RESPONSE**
- **VERY LOW NOISE:** 23 $\mu$ Vrms
- **HIGH ACCURACY:**  $\pm$ 1.5% max
- **HIGH EFFICIENCY:**  
 $I_{GND} = 500\mu$ A at  $I_{OUT} = 100$ mA  
Not Enabled:  $I_{GND} = 10$ nA
- **2.5V, 2.8V, 2.85V, 3.0V, 3.3V, 5.0V, AND ADJUSTABLE OUTPUT VERSIONS**
- **OTHER OUTPUT VOLTAGES AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST**
- **FOLDBACK CURRENT LIMIT**
- **THERMAL PROTECTION**
- **SMALL SURFACE-MOUNT PACKAGES:**  
SOT23-5 and SO-8

## APPLICATIONS

- PORTABLE COMMUNICATION DEVICES
- BATTERY-POWERED EQUIPMENT
- PERSONAL DIGITAL ASSISTANTS
- MODEMS
- BAR-CODE SCANNERS
- BACKUP POWER SUPPLIES

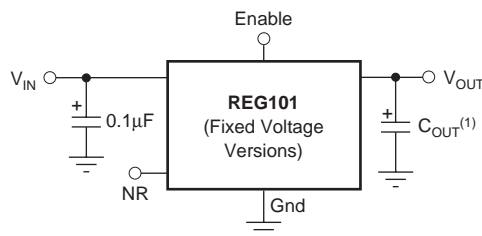
## DESCRIPTION

The REG101 is a family of low-noise, low-dropout linear regulators with low ground pin current. Its new DMOS topology provides significant improvement over previous designs, including low dropout voltage (only 60mV typ at full load), and better transient performance. In addition, no output capacitor is required for stability, unlike conventional low-dropout regulators that are difficult to compensate and require expensive low ESR capacitors greater than 1 $\mu$ F.

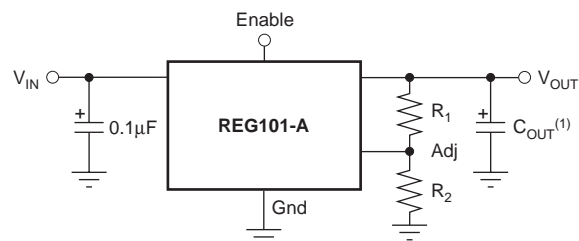
Typical ground pin current is only 500 $\mu$ A (at  $I_{OUT} = 100$ mA) and drops to 10nA when not in enabled mode. Unlike regulators with PNP pass devices, quiescent current remains relatively constant over load variation and under dropout conditions.

The REG101 has very low output noise (typically 23 $\mu$ Vrms for  $V_{OUT} = 3.3$ V with  $C_{NR} = 0.01\mu$ F), making it ideal for use in portable communications equipment. Accuracy is maintained over temperature, line, and load variations. Key parameters are tested over the specified temperature range ( $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+85^{\circ}$ C).

The REG101 is well protected—internal circuitry provides a current limit that protects the load from damage. Thermal protection circuitry keeps the chip from being damaged by excessive temperature. The REG101 is available in the SOT23-5 and the SO-8 packages.



NR = Noise Reduction



NOTE: (1) Optional.



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## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>

Supply Input Voltage, $V_{IN}$ .....	-0.3V to 12V
Enable Input Voltage, $V_{EN}$ .....	-0.3V to $V_{IN}$
Feedback Voltage, $V_{FB}$ .....	-0.3V to 6.0V
NR Pin Voltage, $V_{NR}$ .....	-0.3V to 6.0V
Output Short-Circuit Duration .....	Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range ( $T_J$ ) .....	-55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range ( $T_A$ ) .....	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 3s, SOT23-5, and SO-8) .....	+240°C

NOTE: (1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability.



## ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE SENSITIVITY

This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

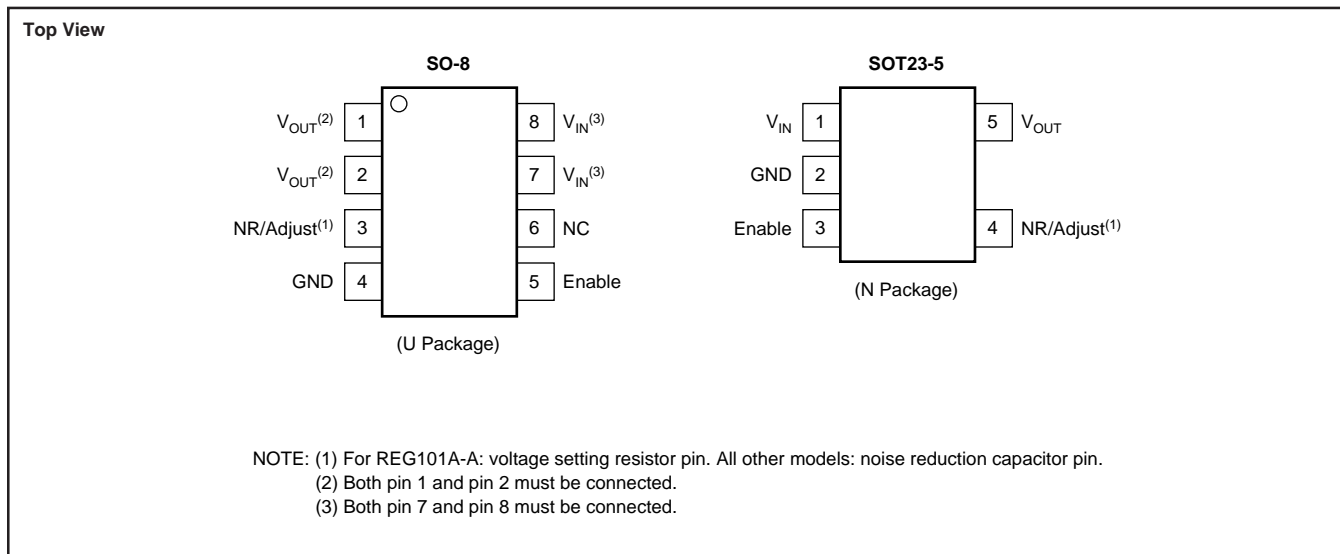
## PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION<sup>(1)</sup>

PRODUCT	$V_{OUT}$ <sup>(2)</sup>
REG101xx-yyy/zzz	<p><b>XX</b> is package designator.</p> <p><b>YYYY</b> is typical output voltage (5 = 5.0V, 2.85 = 2.85V, A = Adjustable).</p> <p><b>ZZZ</b> is package quantity.</p>

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com).

(2) Output voltages from 2.5V to 5.1V in 50mV increments are available; minimum order quantities apply. Contact factory for details and availability.

## PIN CONFIGURATIONS



# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range,  $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ .**

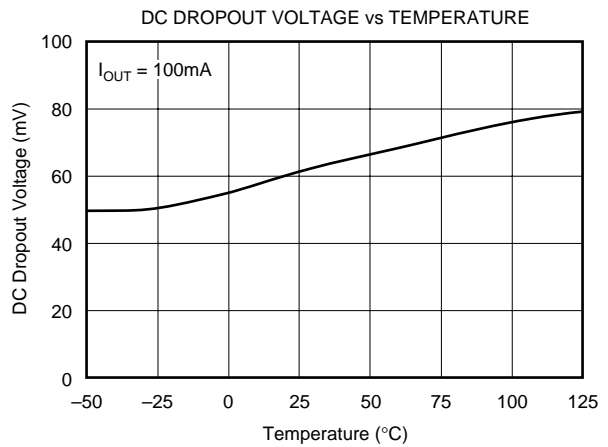
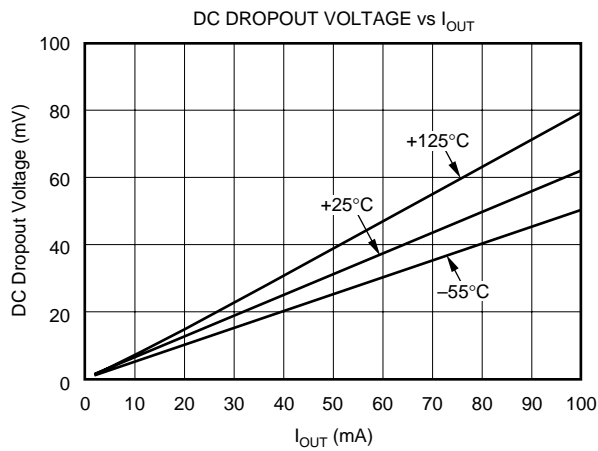
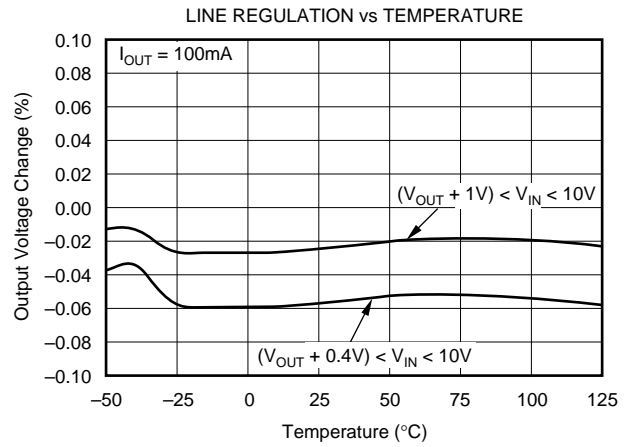
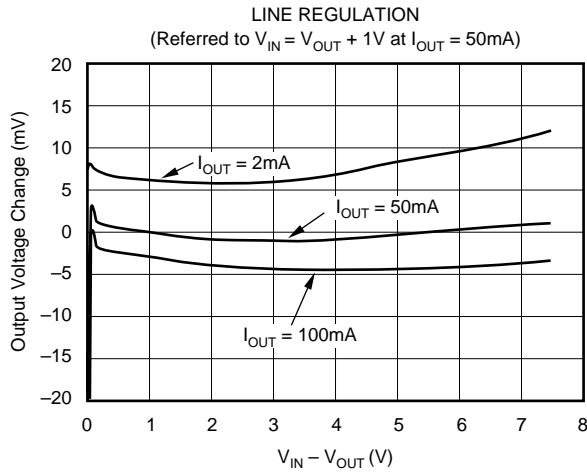
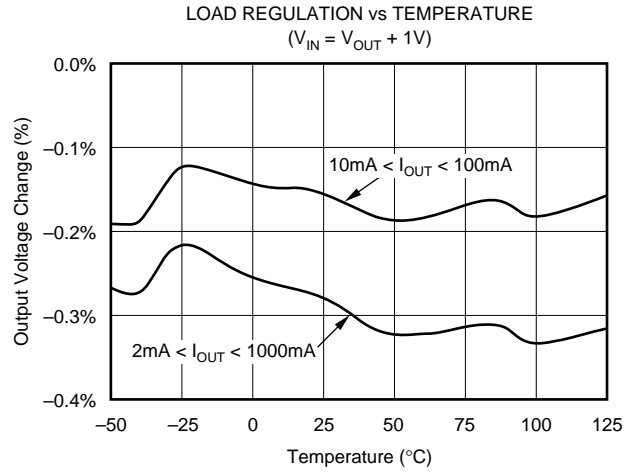
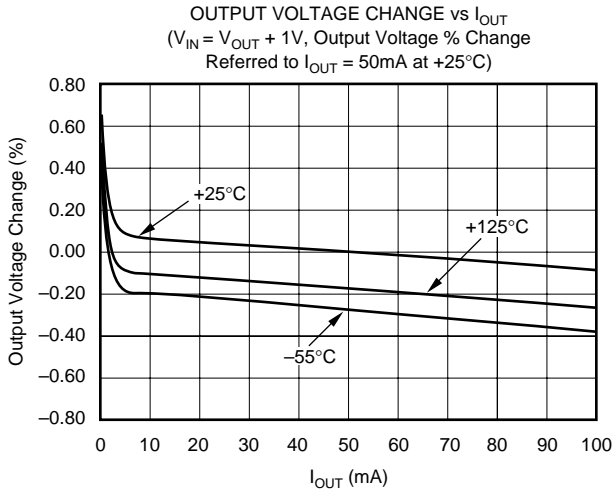
At  $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$  ( $V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{V}$  for REG101-A),  $V_{ENABLE} = 1.8\text{V}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 2\text{mA}$ ,  $C_{NR} = 0.01\mu\text{F}$ , and  $C_{OUT} = 0.1\mu\text{F}^{(1)}$ , unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITION	REG101NA REG101UA			UNITS
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
<b>OUTPUT VOLTAGE</b>					
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$				
REG101-2.5			2.5		V
REG101-2.8			2.8		V
REG101-2.85			2.85		V
REG101-3.0			3.0		V
REG101-3.3			3.3		V
REG101-5			5		V
REG101-A		2.5		5.5	V
Reference Voltage	$V_{REF}$		1.267		V
Adjust Pin Current	$I_{ADJ}$		0.2	1	$\mu\text{A}$
Accuracy			$\pm 0.5$	$\pm 1.5$	%
<b>Over Temperature vs Temperature</b>	$dV_{OUT}/dT$		<b>50</b>	<b><math>\pm 2.2</math></b>	%
Includes Line and Load		$I_{OUT} = 2\text{mA}$ to $100\text{mA}$ , $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.4\text{V})$ to $10\text{V}$	$\pm 0.8$	$\pm 2.0$	%
<b>Over Temperature</b>		$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.6\text{V})$ to $10\text{V}$		<b><math>\pm 2.7</math></b>	%
<b>DC DROPOUT VOLTAGE<sup>(2)</sup></b>	$V_{DROP}$				
For all models		$I_{OUT} = 2\text{mA}$	4	10	mV
		$I_{OUT} = 100\text{mA}$	60	100	mV
<b>Over Temperature</b>		$I_{OUT} = 100\text{mA}$		<b>130</b>	mV
<b>VOLTAGE NOISE</b>	$V_n$				
Without $C_{NR}$		$f = 10\text{Hz}$ to $100\text{kHz}$			
		$C_{NR} = 0$ , $C_{OUT} = 0$			
With $C_{NR}$ (all fixed voltage models)		$C_{NR} = 0.01\mu\text{F}$ , $C_{OUT} = 10\mu\text{F}$			
			$23\mu\text{Vrms/V} \cdot V_{OUT}$		$\mu\text{Vrms}$
			$7\mu\text{Vrms/V} \cdot V_{OUT}$		$\mu\text{Vrms}$
<b>OUTPUT CURRENT</b>					
Current Limit <sup>(3)</sup>	$I_{CL}$		130	170	220
<b>Over Temperature</b>			<b>110</b>		<b>240</b>
Short-Circuit Current	$I_{SC}$			60	
<b>RIPPLE REJECTION</b>					
$f = 120\text{Hz}$		$I_{OUT} = 100\text{mA}$		65	
<b>ENABLE CONTROL</b>					
$V_{ENABLE}$ High (output enabled)	$V_{ENABLE}$		1.8		$V_{IN}$
$V_{ENABLE}$ Low (output disabled)			-0.2		0.5
$I_{ENABLE}$ High (output enabled)	$I_{ENABLE}$	$V_{ENABLE} = 1.8\text{V}$ to $V_{IN}$ , $V_{IN} = 1.8\text{V}$ to $6.5^{(4)}$		1	100
$I_{ENABLE}$ Low (output disabled)		$V_{ENABLE} = 0\text{V}$ to $0.5\text{V}$		2	100
Output Disable Time		$C_{OUT} = 1.0\mu\text{F}$ , $R_{LOAD} = 33\Omega$		200	$\mu\text{s}$
Output Enable Time		$C_{OUT} = 1.0\mu\text{F}$ , $R_{LOAD} = 33\Omega$		1.5	ms
<b>THERMAL SHUTDOWN</b>					
Junction Temperature					
Shutdown				160	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Reset from Shutdown				140	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
<b>GROUND PIN CURRENT</b>					
Ground Pin Current	$I_{GND}$	$I_{OUT} = 2\text{mA}$		400	$\mu\text{A}$
		$I_{OUT} = 100\text{mA}$		500	$\mu\text{A}$
Enable Pin Low		$V_{ENABLE} \leq 0.5\text{V}$		0.01	0.2
<b>INPUT VOLTAGE</b>	$V_{IN}$				
Operating Input Voltage Range <sup>(5)</sup>			1.8		10
Specified Input Voltage Range		$V_{IN} > 1.8\text{V}$	$V_{OUT} + 0.4$		10
<b>Over Temperature</b>		$V_{IN} > 1.8\text{V}$	<b><math>V_{OUT} + 0.6</math></b>		<b>10</b>
<b>TEMPERATURE RANGE</b>					
Specified Range	$T_J$		-40		+85
Operating Range	$T_J$		-55		+125
Storage Range	$T_A$		-65		+150
Thermal Resistance					
SOT23-5 Surface Mount	$\theta_{JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient		200	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
SO-8 Surface Mount	$\theta_{JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient		150	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

- NOTES: (1) The REG101 does not require a minimum output capacitor for stability. However, transient response can be improved with proper capacitor selection.  
(2) Dropout voltage is defined as the input voltage minus the output voltage that produces a 2% change in the output voltage from the value at  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$  at fixed load.  
(3) Current limit is the output current that produces a 10% change in output voltage from  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$  and  $I_{OUT} = 2\text{mA}$ .  
(4) For  $V_{ENABLE} > 6.5\text{V}$ , see typical characteristic " $I_{ENABLE}$  vs  $V_{ENABLE}$ ".  
(5) The REG101 no longer regulates when  $V_{IN} < V_{OUT} + V_{DROP(MAX)}$ . In drop-out, the impedance from  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  is typically less than  $1\Omega$  at  $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

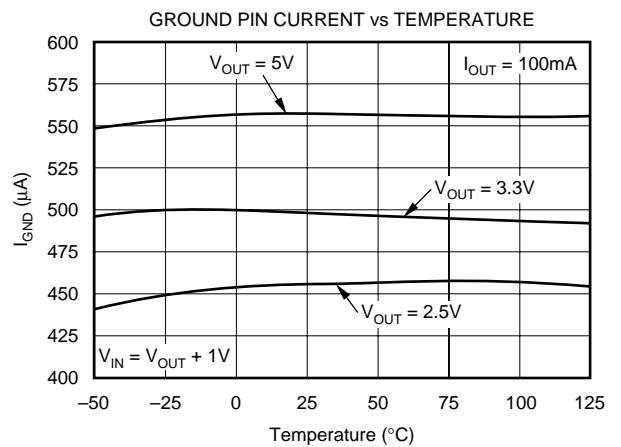
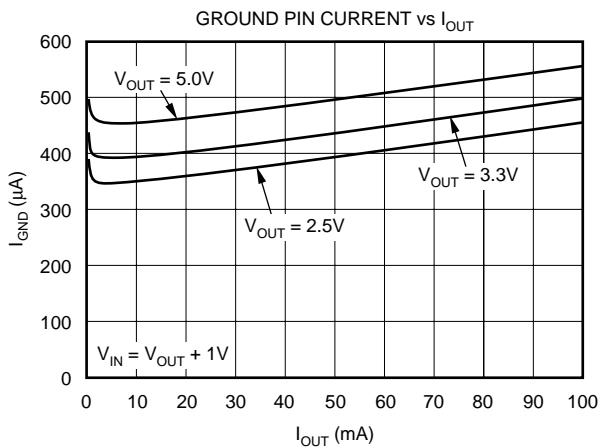
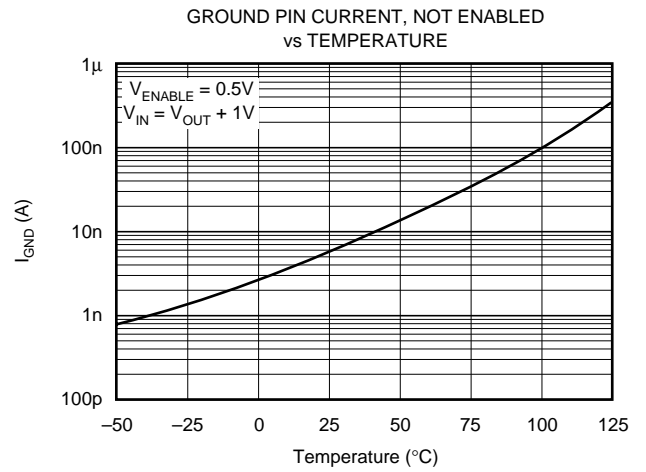
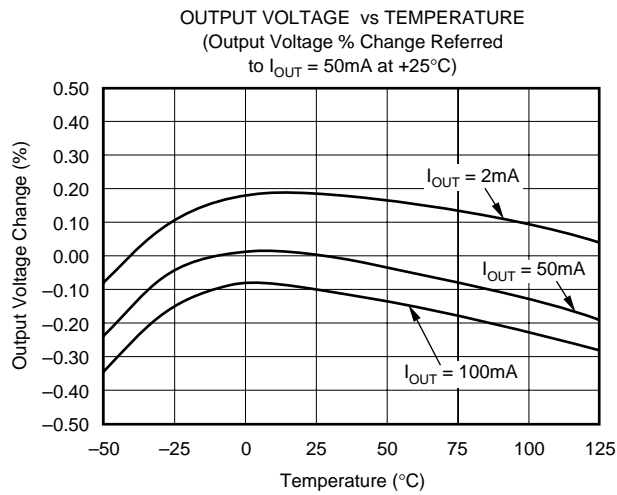
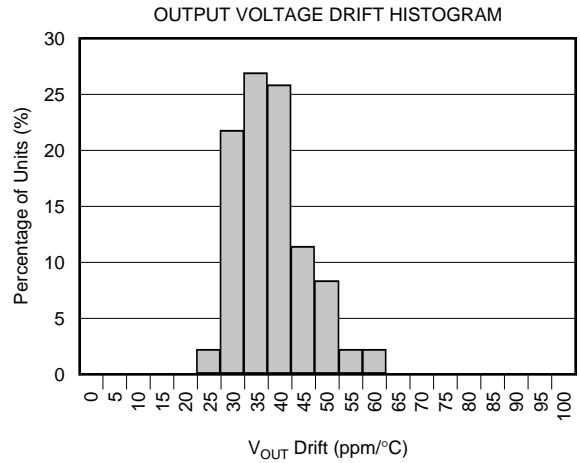
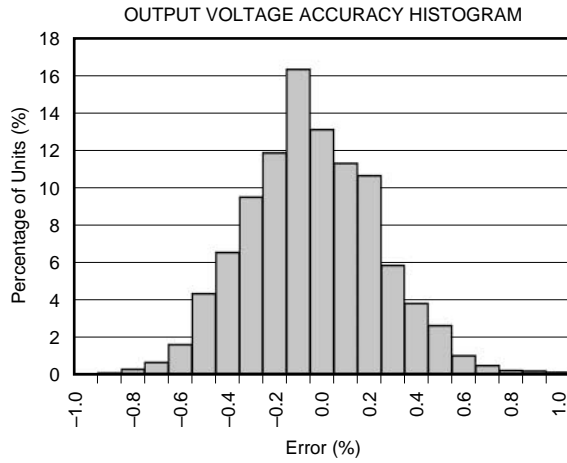
# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

For all models, at  $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V_{\text{ENABLE}} = 1.8\text{V}$ , unless otherwise noted.



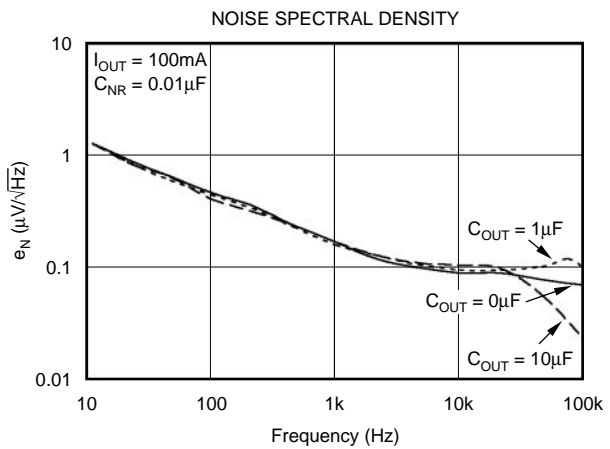
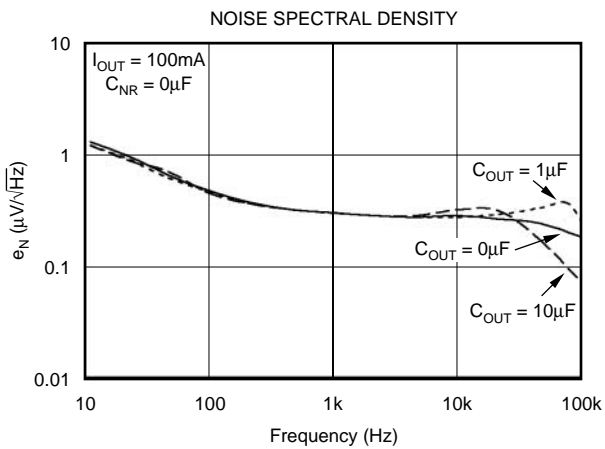
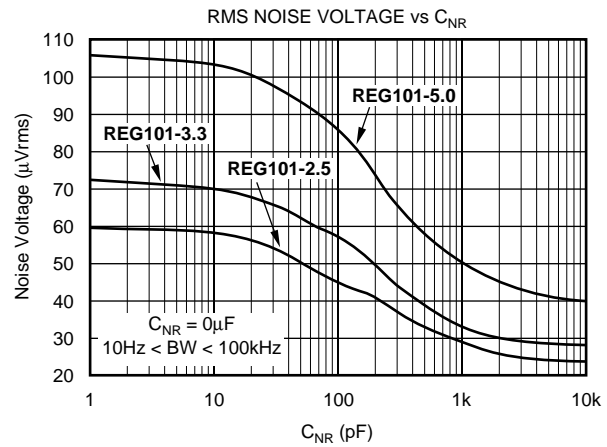
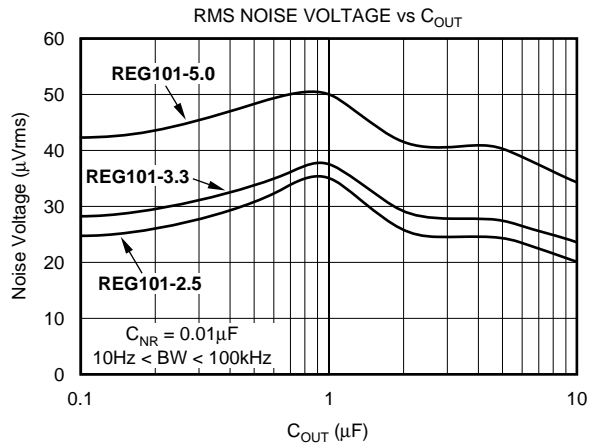
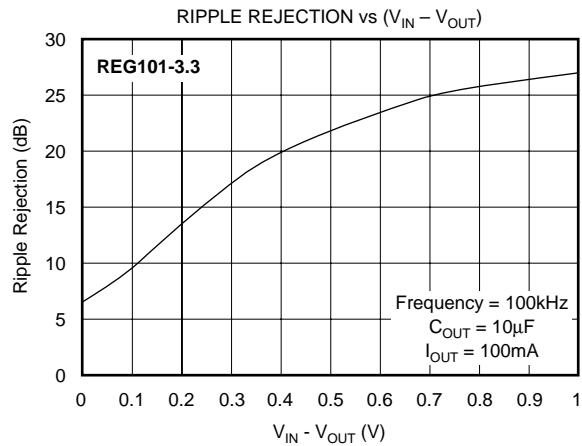
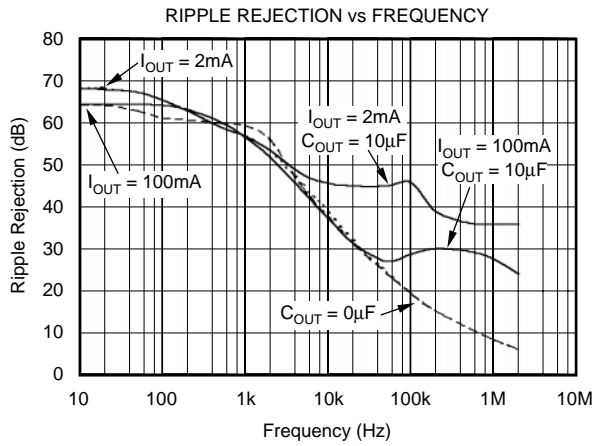
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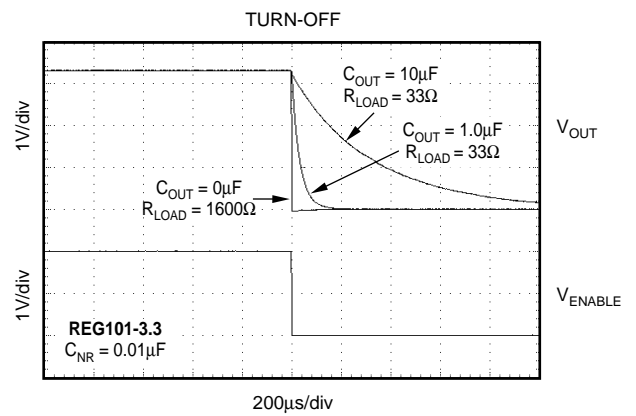
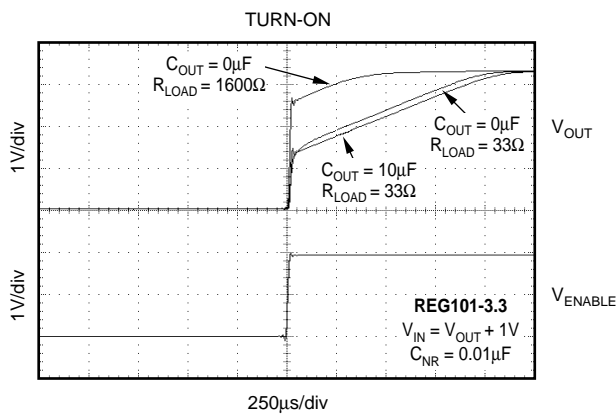
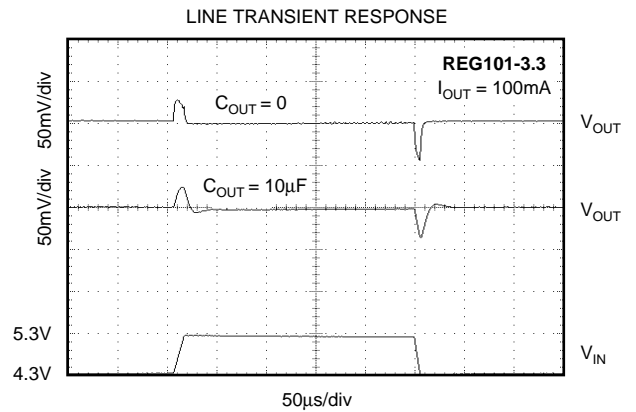
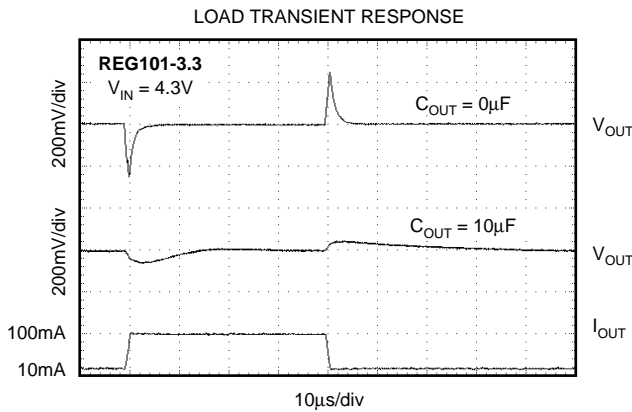
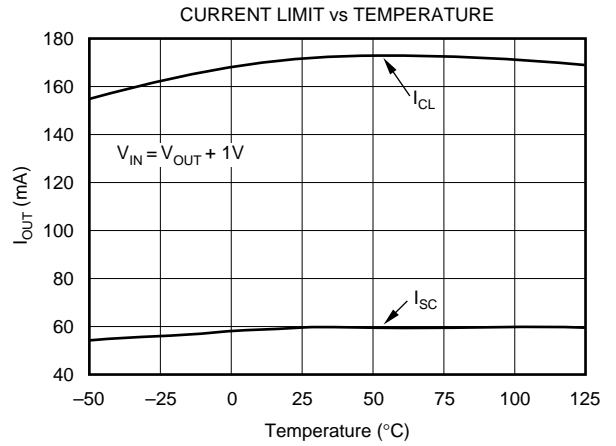
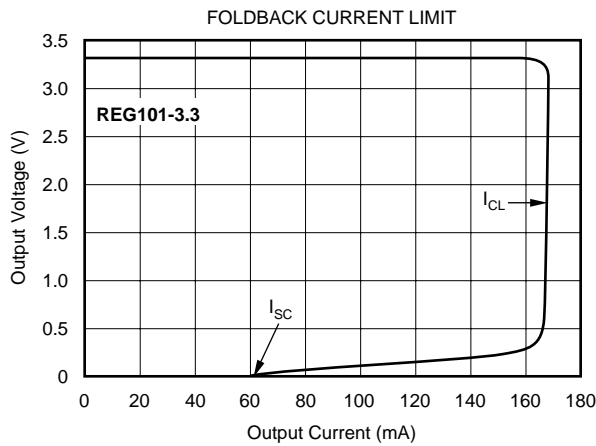
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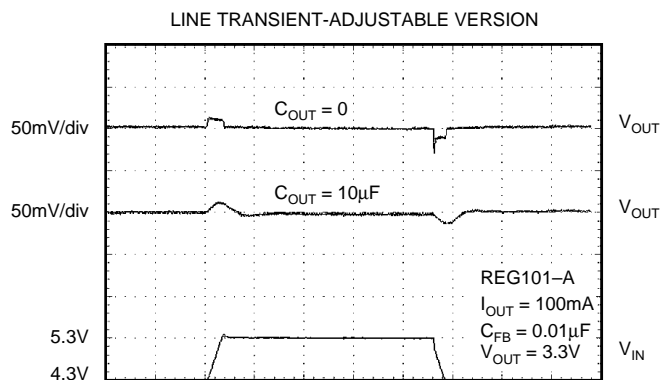
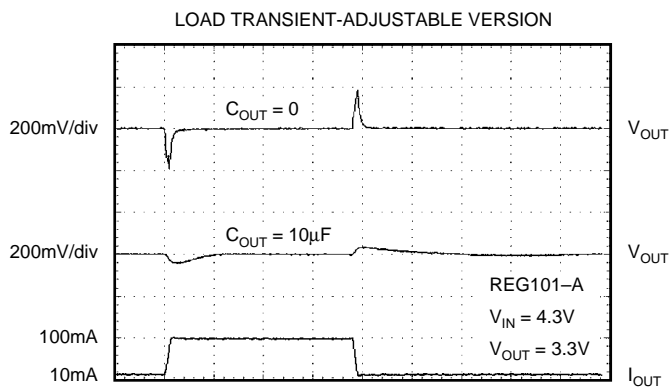
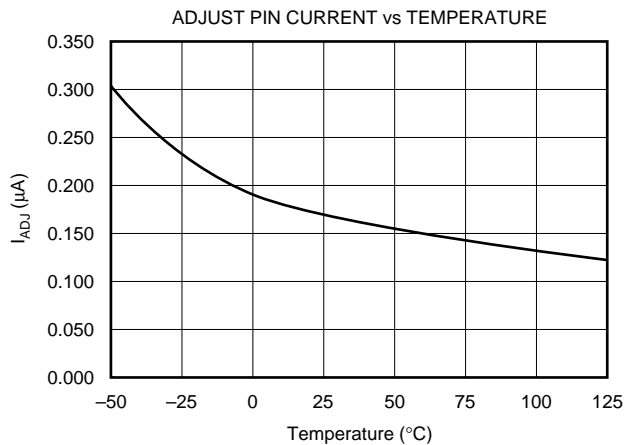
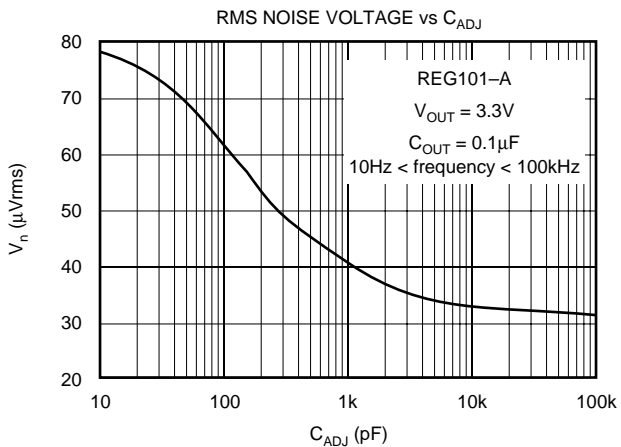
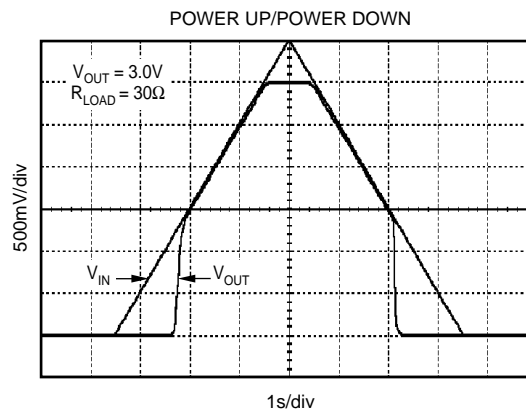
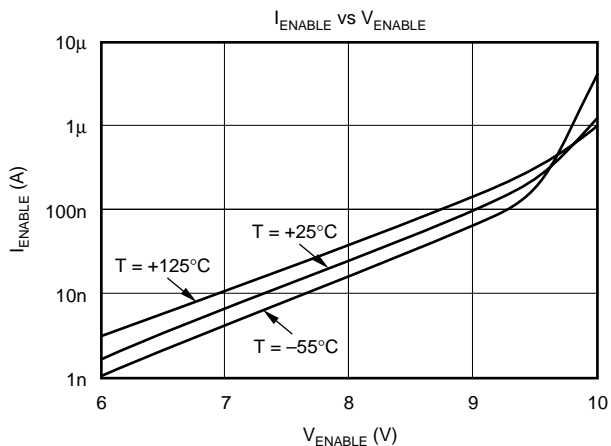
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# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

For all models, at  $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V_{\text{ENABLE}} = 1.8\text{V}$ , unless otherwise noted.





# BASIC OPERATION

The REG101 series of LDO (Low Drop-Out) linear regulators offers a wide selection of fixed output voltage versions and an adjustable output version. The REG101 belongs to a family of new generation LDO regulators that utilize a DMOS pass transistor to achieve ultra-low dropout performance and freedom from output capacitor constraints. Ground pin current remains under 650µA over all line, load, and temperature conditions. All versions have thermal and over-current protection, including foldback current limit.

The REG101 does not require an output capacitor for regulator stability and is stable over most output currents and with almost any value and type of output capacitor up to 10µF or more. For applications where the regulator output current drops below several milliamps, stability can be enhanced by: adding a 1kΩ to 2kΩ load resistor; using capacitance values less than 10µF; or keeping the effective series resistance greater than 0.05Ω including the capacitor's ESR and parasitic resistance in printed circuit board traces, solder joints, and sockets.

Although an input capacitor is not required, it is good analog design practice to connect a 0.1µF low ESR capacitor across

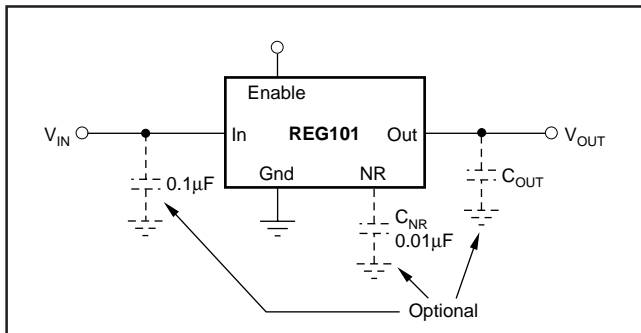


FIGURE 1. Fixed Voltage Nominal Circuit for REG101.

the input supply voltage. This is recommended to improve ripple rejection by reducing input voltage ripple.

Figure 1 shows the basic circuit connections for the fixed voltage models. Figure 2 gives the connections for the adjustable output version (REG101A) and example resistor values for some commonly used output voltages. Values for other voltages can be calculated from the equation shown in Figure 2.

## INTERNAL CURRENT LIMIT

The REG101 internal current limit has a typical value of 170mA. A foldback feature limits the short-circuit current to a typical short-circuit value of 60mA. This helps to protect the regulator from damage under all load conditions. A characteristic of V<sub>OUT</sub> versus I<sub>OUT</sub> is given in Figure 3 and in the Typical Characteristics section.

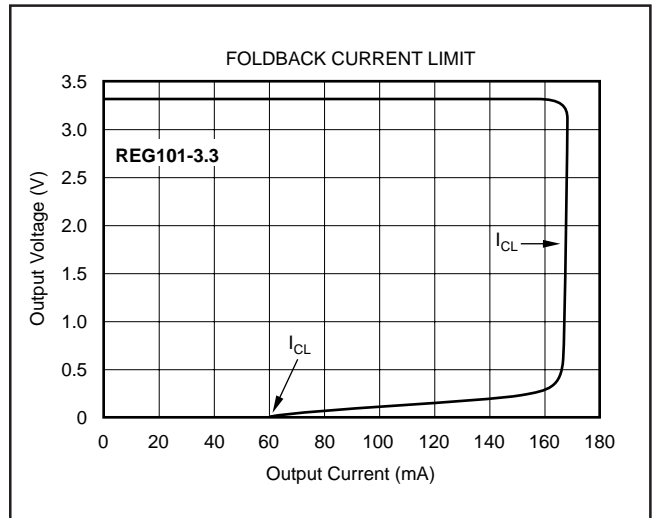


FIGURE 3. Foldback Current Limit of the REG101-3.3 at 25°C.

Pin numbers for SOT23 package.

$$V_{OUT} = (1 + R_1/R_2) \cdot 1.267V$$

To reduce current through divider, increase resistor values (see table at right).  
 As the impedance of the resistor divider increases, I<sub>ADJ</sub> (~200nA) may introduce an error.  
 C<sub>FB</sub> improves noise and transient response.

V <sub>OUT</sub> (V)	R <sub>1</sub> (W) <sup>(1)</sup>	R <sub>2</sub> (Ω) <sup>(1)</sup>
2.5	11.3k	11.5k
	1.13k	1.15k
3.0	15.8k	11.5k
	1.58k	1.15k
3.3	18.7k	11.5k
	1.87k	1.15k
5.0	34.0k	11.5k
	3.40k	1.15k

NOTE: (1) Resistors are standard 1% values.

FIGURE 2. Adjustable Voltage Circuit for REG101A.

## ENABLE

The Enable pin is active HIGH and compatible with standard TTL-CMOS levels. Inputs below 0.5V (max) turn the regulator off and all circuitry is disabled. Under this condition, ground pin current drops to approximately 10nA. When a pull-up resistor is used, and operation down to  $V_{IN} = 1.8V$  is required, use values  $< 50k\Omega$ .

## OUTPUT NOISE

A precision band-gap reference is used for the internal reference voltage,  $V_{REF}$ . This reference is the dominant noise source within the REG101 and it generates approximately  $29\mu V_{rms}$  in the 10Hz to 100kHz bandwidth at the reference output. The regulator control loop gains up the reference noise, so that the noise voltage of the regulator is approximately given by:

$$V_N = 29\mu V_{rms} \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_2} = 29\mu V_{rms} \cdot \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}}$$

Since the value of  $V_{REF}$  is 1.267V, this relationship reduces to:

$$V_N = 23 \frac{\mu V_{rms}}{V} \cdot V_{OUT}$$

Connecting a capacitor,  $C_{NR}$ , from the Noise Reduction (NR) pin to ground, as shown in Figure 4, forms a low-pass filter for the voltage reference. For  $C_{NR} = 10nF$ , the total noise in the 10Hz to 100kHz bandwidth is reduced by approximately a factor of 2.8 for  $V_O = 3.3V$ . This noise reduction effect is shown in Figure 5 and as “RMS Noise Voltage vs CNR” in the Typical Characteristics section.

Noise can be further reduced by carefully choosing an output capacitor,  $C_{OUT}$ . Best overall noise performance is

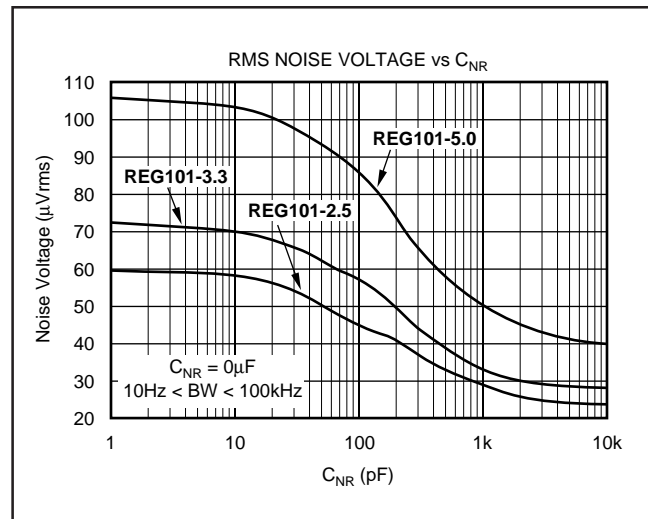


FIGURE 5. Output Noise versus Noise Reduction Capacitor.

achieved with very low ( $< 0.22\mu F$ ) or very high ( $> 2.2\mu F$ ) values of  $C_{OUT}$ . See “RMS Noise Voltage vs  $C_{OUT}$ ” in the Typical Characteristics section.

The REG101 utilizes an internal charge pump to develop an internal supply voltage sufficient to drive the gate of the DMOS pass element above  $V_{IN}$ . The charge-pump switching noise (nominal switching frequency = 2MHz) is not measurable at the output of the regulator over most values of  $C_{OUT}$  and  $I_{OUT}$ .

The REG101 adjustable version does not have the noise-reduction pin available, however, the adjust pin is the summing junction of the error amplifier. A capacitor,  $C_{FB}$ , connected from the output to the adjust pin will reduce both the output noise and the peak error from a load transient. See the typical characteristics for output noise performance.

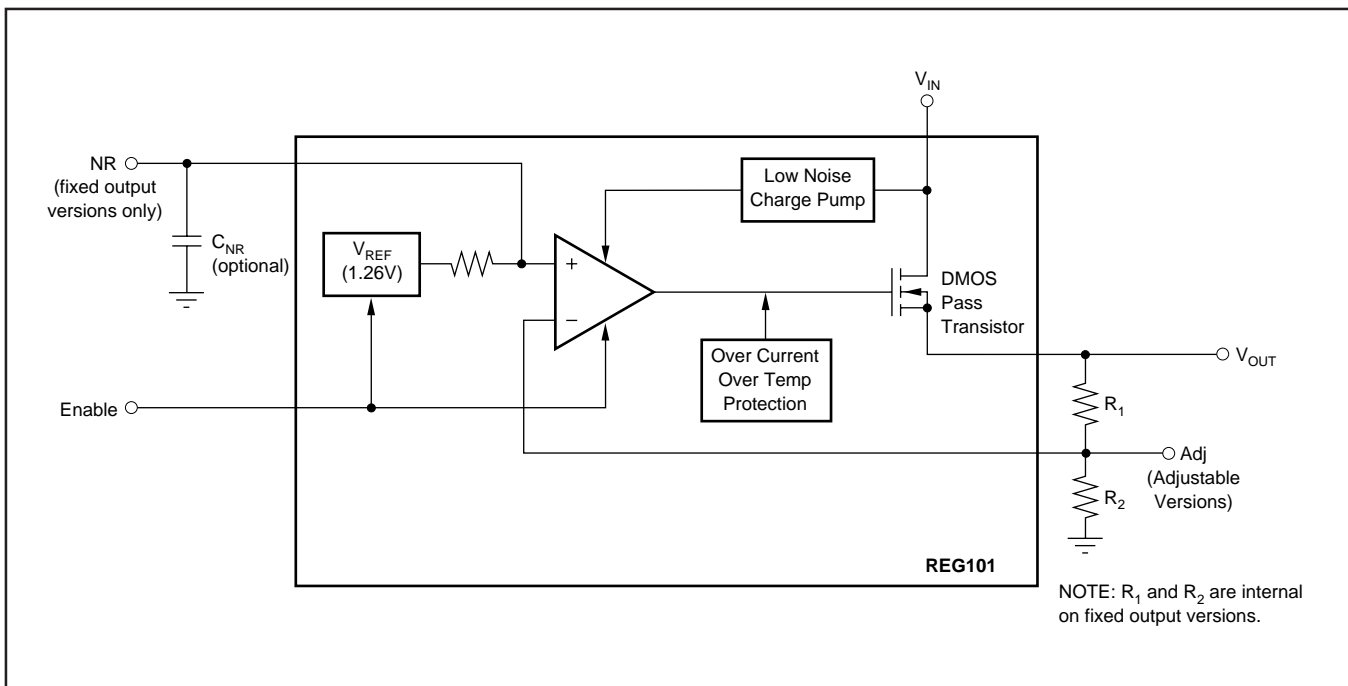


FIGURE 4. Block Diagram.

## DROP-OUT VOLTAGE

The REG101 uses an N-channel DMOS as the “pass” element. When the input voltage is within a few tens of millivolts of the output voltage, the DMOS device behaves like a resistor. Therefore, for low values of  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$ , the regulator’s input-to-output resistance is the  $R_{ds(ON)}$  of the DMOS pass element (typically 600m $\Omega$ ). For static (DC) loads, the REG101 will typically maintain regulation down to  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  voltage drop of 60mV at full rated output current. In Figure 6, the bottom line (DC dropout) shows the minimum  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  voltage drop required to prevent drop-out under DC load conditions.

For large step changes in load current, the REG101 requires a larger voltage drop across it to avoid degraded transient response. The boundary of this “transient drop-out” region is shown as the top line in Figure 6. Values of  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  voltage drop above this line insure normal transient response.

In the transient dropout region between “DC” and “Transient”, transient response recovery time increases. The time required to recover from a load transient is a function of both the magnitude and rate of the step change in load current and the available “headroom”  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  voltage drop. Under worst-case conditions (full-scale load change with  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  voltage drop close to DC dropout levels), the REG101 can take several hundred microseconds to re-enter the specified window of regulation.

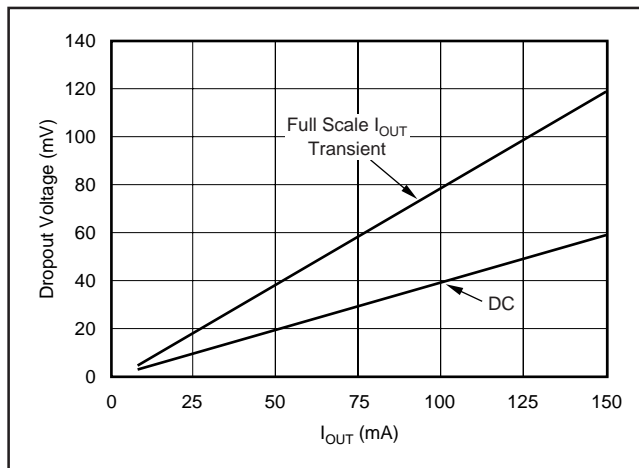


FIGURE 6. Transient and DC Dropout.

## TRANSIENT RESPONSE

The REG101 response to transient line and load conditions improves at lower output voltages. The addition of a capacitor (nominal value 0.47 $\mu$ F) from the output pin to ground may improve the transient response. In the adjustable version, the addition of a capacitor,  $C_{FB}$  (nominal value 10nF), from the output to the adjust pin will also improve the transient response.

## THERMAL PROTECTION

The REG101 has thermal shutdown circuitry that protects the regulator from damage. The thermal protection circuitry disables the output when the junction temperature reaches approximately 160°C, allowing the device to cool. When the junction temperature cools to approximately 140°C, the output circuitry is again enabled. Depending on various conditions, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off. This limits the dissipation of the regulator, but may have an undesirable effect on the load.

Any tendency to activate the thermal protection circuit indicates excessive power dissipation or an inadequate heat sink. For reliable operation, junction temperature should be limited to 125°C, maximum. To estimate the margin of safety in a complete design (including heat sink), increase the ambient temperature until the thermal protection is triggered. Use worst-case loads and signal conditions. For good reliability, thermal protection should trigger more than 35°C above the maximum expected ambient condition of your application. This produces a worst-case junction temperature of 125°C at the highest expected ambient temperature and worst-case load.

The internal protection circuitry of the REG101 has been designed to protect against overload conditions. It was not intended to replace proper heat sinking. Continuously running the REG101 into thermal shutdown will degrade reliability.

## POWER DISSIPATION

The REG101 is available in two different package configurations. The ability to remove heat from the die is different for each package type and, therefore, presents different considerations in the printed circuit board (PCB) layout. The PCB area around the device that is free of other components moves the heat from the device to the ambient air. While it is difficult to impossible to quantify all of the variables in a thermal design of this type, performance data for several configurations are shown in Figure 7.

Power dissipation depends on input voltage, load condition, and duty cycle. Power dissipation is equal to the product of the average output current times the voltage across the output element,  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  voltage drop.

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \cdot I_{OUT(AVG)}$$

Power dissipation can be minimized by using the lowest possible input voltage necessary to assure the required output voltage.

## REGULATOR MOUNTING

Solder pad footprint recommendations for the various REG101 devices are presented in the Application Bulletin AB-132, "Solder Pad Recommendations for Surface-Mount Devices" (SBFA015), available from the Texas Instruments web site ([www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com)).

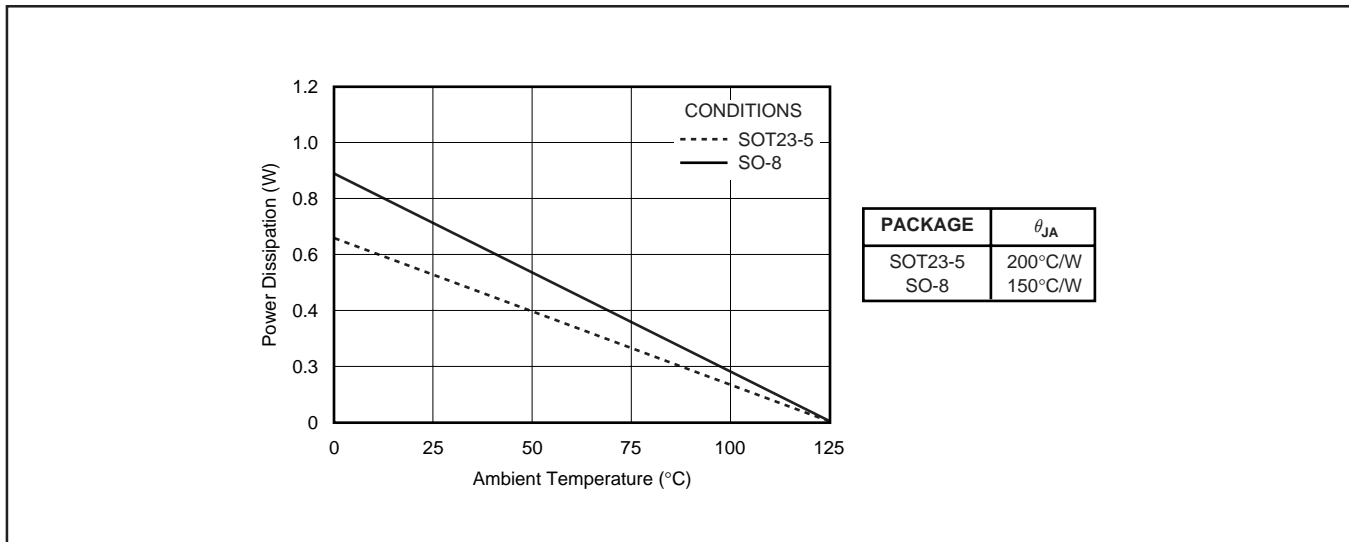


FIGURE 7. Maximum Power Dissipation versus Ambient Temperature for the Various Packages.

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
REG101NA-2.5/250	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-2.5/250G4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-2.5/3K	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-2.5/3KG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-2.8/250	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-2.8/250G4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-2.8/3K	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-2.8/3KG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-2.85/250	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-2.85/3K	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-2.85/3KG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-3.3/250	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-3.3/250G4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-3.3/3K	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-3.3/3KG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-3/250	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-3/250G4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-3/3K	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-3/3KG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-5/250	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-5/250G4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-5/3K	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-5/3KG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-A/250	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-A/250G4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
REG101NA-A/3K	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101NA-A/3KG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101NA2.85/250G4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
REG101UA-2.5	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-2.5/2K5	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-2.5/2K5G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-2.5G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-2.8	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-2.8/2K5	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-2.8/2K5G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-2.85	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-2.85/2K5	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-2.85G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-2.8G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-3	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-3.3	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-3.3/2K5	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-3.3/2K5G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-3/2K5	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-3G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-5	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-5/2K5	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-5/2K5G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-5G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-A	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-A/2K5	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
REG101UA-A/2K5G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA-AG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
REG101UA2.85/2K5G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

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**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

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<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

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<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

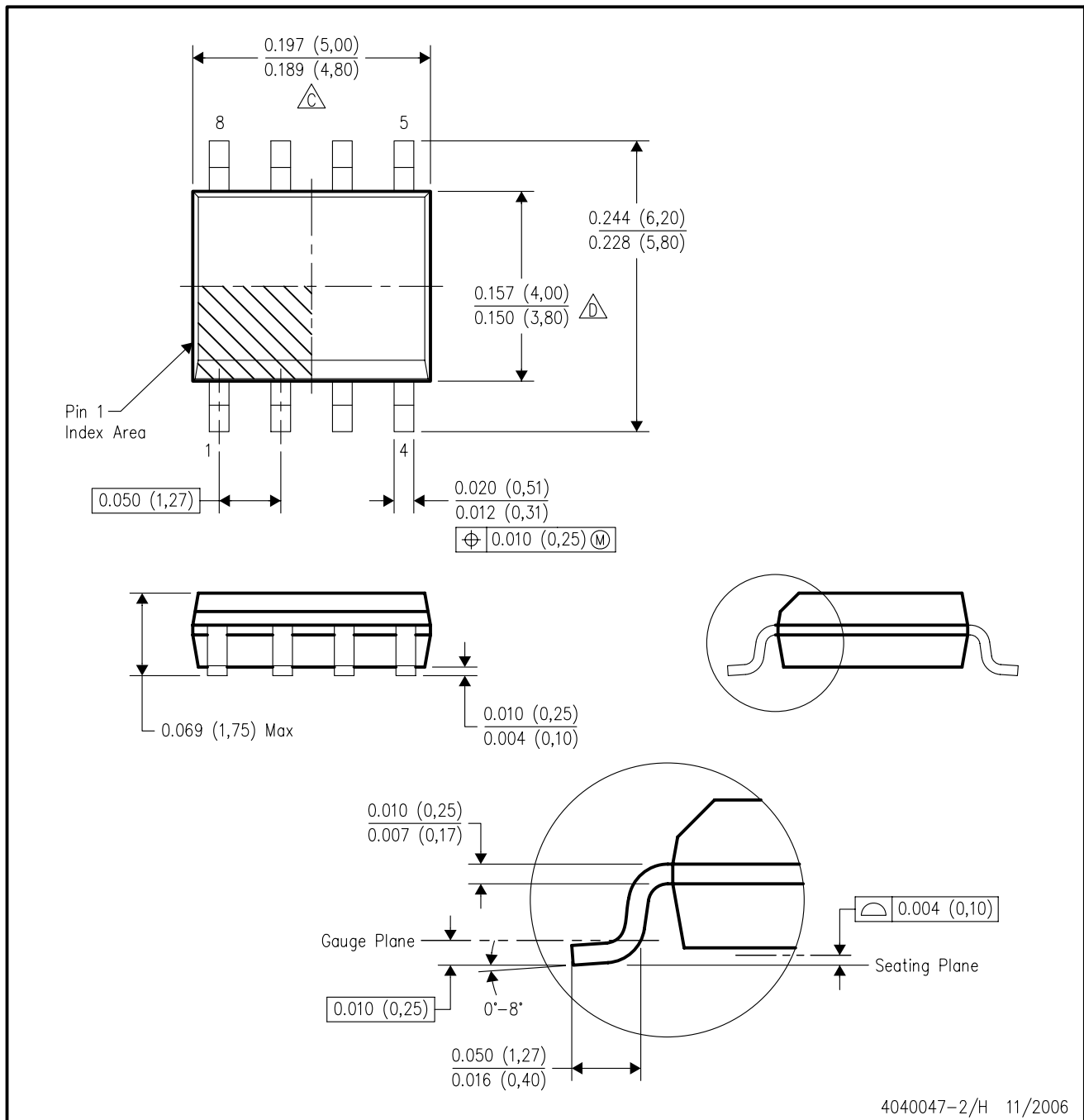


- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
  - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

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  - D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.
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